The McKean Co. Miner.

H. F. BARBOUR, - - Proprietor.

PUBLISHED THURSDAYS AT SMETHPORT, PA.

Office—Miner Block, Church Street.

TERMS—$1.50 PER YEAR.

Rates of Advertising:

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	4 w.	2 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
1 inch.	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00	$3.50	$4.00	$5.00	$8.00	$12.00
2 inch's	2.00	3.00	4.00	6.00	6.00	8.00	12.00	18.00
3 inch's	3.00	4.50	6.00	8.00	8.00	12.00	18.00	25.00
¼ col.	5.00	7.00	8.00	9.00	11.00	15.00	20.00	30.00
½ col.	8.00	12.00	15.00	16.00	20.00	28.00	35.00	55.00
1 col.	12.00	18.00	27.00	30.00	35.00	50.00	60.00	100.00

Legal, Official and Transient Advertising, per square, three times or less, $3; each subsequent insertion, fifty cents.

Local Notices, ten cents per line for one insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Obituary Notices over five lines, ten cents per line.

Professional Cards, per year, $6.

McKean County Miner.

Established 1863. Devoted to the interests of McKean County. TERMS:—$1.50 PER ANNUM.

VOL. XVI. SMETHPORT, M'KEAN COUNTY, PA., THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 12, 1879. NO. 30.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING

Of every description executed in the neatest and most expeditious manner at the

MINER JOB ROOMS.

The office is supplied with Steam Power Presses and a complete assortment of the latest styles of type and material, and every appliance necessary for the prompt execution of

POSTERS, HANDBILLS
BUSINESS CARDS,
VISITING CARDS, BILL HEADS,
CIRCULARS,
LETTER HEADS, PROGRAMMES,
STATEMENTS, ETC.

LEGAL BLANKS.

We make a Specialty of Legal Blank Printing. We keep in stock a full line of Law and Conveyancing, Justices' and Constables' Blanks, and are prepared to print any style of Blanks on short notice. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

Lodge Directory.

A. Y. M.

MCKEAN LODGE, No. 300, A. Y. M., meets on the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at 7½ o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.

H. T. SAWYER, W. M.

E. H. BABB, Sec'y.

Churches.

METHODIST.—W. B. WAGONER, pastor. Sabbath School every Sabbath at 9 a. m., and Preaching at 11 a. m., and 7 p. m. Class Meeting directly after morning services Prayer Meetings on Thursday evenings at 7 p. m.

BAPTIST.—W. C. Wilts, pastor. Preaching at half-past 10 a. m. and half-past 6 p. m. Sabbath School directly after morning services. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evenings at 7 p. m.

EPISCOPAL.—H. Q. MILLER, Rector. Services on the 3d and 4th Sunday of each month at 10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m. Sabbath School at 9 a. m.

ST. ELIZABETH CATHOLIC CHURCH—Rev. J. F. SMITH, pastor. Mass at 11 a.m. Service at 11.30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

Official Directory.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

President Judge.—H. W. Williams, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.
Additional Judge.—S. F. Wilson, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.
Associate Judges.—W. S. Brownell, Smethport; F. N. Burnham, Eldred.
District Attorney.—S. W. Smith, Port Allegany.
Sheriff.—Roswell Sartwell, Smethport.
Prothonotary.—John B. Brawley, Bradford.
County Treasurer.—W. D. Gallup, Smethport.
Commissioners.—W. J. Colegrove, N. W. Abbey, John G. Bover.
County Clerk.—H. F. Barbour, Smethport.
Jury Commr's.—J. A. Anderson, J. E. P. White.
Auditors.—O. D. Vosburgh, J. J. Roberts, C. L. Bellows.
County Surveyor.—G. H. Lyon, Bradford, Pa.
Regular Terms of Court.—Fourth Monday in February and September, and Third Monday of June and December.

Borough Officers.

Burgess.—S. J. Gifford.
Asst Burgess.—H. S. Sartwell.
Council.—I. S. Gleason, S. Gorton, A. B. Armstrong, Carl Sasse, L. Ramer, W. D. Gallup.
Constable.—H. L. Burlingame.
School Directors.—D. L. Forsyth, David Sherrett, H. B. Hamlin, R. L. Knapp, E. G. Brown, H. L. Burlingame.
Justice.—C. M. Smith P. Ford
Auditors.—W. Gifford, C. M. Sartwell, A. B. Armstrong.
Peddlers.—R. L. Knapp, J. C. Hamlin.
Judges of Election.—S. Pattison.
Inspectors.—Robert Wolters, George Brownell.
Assessor.—H. M. Smith.
Assistant Assessors.—A. B. Armstrong, William Ralser.

Regular Meetings of Co. Commissioners.

The County Commissioners will hold regular sessions at the Commissioners' Office on the first Monday of each month for the transaction of any business that may be brought before them. ☞ A special meeting will be held on the first Thursday after each court week for the settlement of county costs in Commonwealth cases.

H. P. BARBOUR, Clerk.

BLANK PRINTING.

THE MINER JOB ROOMS are abundantly supplied with facilities for doing fine Blank Printing. We make a specialty of this class of printing, and challenge comparison of our work and prices with that of any first class Blank Printing House. We keep in stock all the usual forms of LEGAL and CONVEYANCING, JUSTICE'S, CONSTABLES' and TOWNSHIP BLANKS, and print on short notice any style and form desired. Samples, estimates and prices furnished on application. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

Miscellaneous.

WHY DO YOU

Go away from home to

BUY HARNESS GOODS

when you can get

BETTER BARGAINS AT HOME.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES:

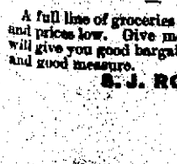
Single Harness, - $18 and upwards.
Double Harness, - $36 and upwards.

These goods are all hand-made by first-class workmen and with first-class material, using both Hemlock and Oak tanned leather.

CALL AT MY SHOP and I will convince you that I can do better by you than can any foreign dealers.

I. S. GLEASON

Smethport, Pa. April 24, 1879.



NEW DRUG Store

W. T. CALLAR,

Dealer in

DRUGS & MEDICINES

TOILET ARTICLES,

Paints, Oils Varnishes, Etc.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded at any time, Day or Night

Main St. (Brick Store.) SMETHPORT.

NEW MEAT MARKET

AND

General Grocery Store

Rear of A. B. Armstrong's Drugstore.

Fresh meat, Ham, Sausages, Salt meats, Corned Beef, Lard, Oysters, Chickens &c. always on hand.

The Finest Tub Oysters in the Market.

DRESSED CHICKENS

furnished at any time.

A full line of groceries always in stock, and prices low. Give me a call and I will give you good bargains, good goods, and good measure.

S. J. ROCKWELL.

Smethport Bakery.

M. H. PICARD'S

Bakery & Confectionery,

FINE TEAS.

Also Dealer in

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Special attention given to orders from private families.

MILLINERY STORE.

I am constantly receiving additions to my stock of

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS, DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS

and am prepared to SELL AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

Mary Tracy,

MAIN ST SMETHPORT, PA.

WHEN YOU WANT

A Nice Piece of Meat

Call at the

MAIN STREET MARKET.

FRESH AND SALT MEAT AND FISH

of the best quality always on hand.

GEO. OCILVIE,

Next door to Callar's Drug Store, Main Street, Smethport, Pa.

Cigars & Tobacco

WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

I do not hesitate to say that I will sell Tobacco and Cigars at lower Prices than they have been sold in this market since the Special Revenue Tax was laid on these goods. I will sell

FINE OLD HONESTY PLUG,

at 60 cents per pound.

Cigars from $1.50 to $3.50 per Hundred.

Havana and Yara Cigars

$3.00 to $5.00 per Hundred.

Persons wishing to purchase by the box or THOUSAND are invited to call and examine samples.

A. REILLY, Proprietor.

Store opposite Catholic Church, Main St., Smethport, Pa. 14-all

New Furniture Rooms.

The undersigned has opened in the above building on

Mechanic St., Near Iron Bridge,

a new Furniture Warehouse, where he will keep a full stock of

PARLOR AND CHAMBER FURNITURE,

and

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

Of All Kinds.

GOOD STOCK AND FAIR PRICES

Patronage solicited.

14 3m] ROBERT WOLTERS, Prop't.

Gifford & Wolters'

SAW AND

PLANING MILL,

MECHANIC ST., SMETHPORT PA

PINE and HEMLOCK,
BUILDING TIMBER,
FLOORING,
SIDING,
SHINGLES,

and PLANED LUMBER of all Kinds, constantly on hand and made to order.

Houses Built Entire.

GIFFORD & WOLTERS.

S. J. GIFFORD, C. H. WOLTERS. v13 n33

COME TO STAY!

BergstresseR,

THE ARTIST,

Has returned to Smethport, and is ready to take the pictures of the people by wholesale or retail. He has come to stay, and will furnish

PHOTOGRAPHS

OR

FERROTYPES

Life-Like and Well Finished,

to old and new patrons, at reasonable rates. For the present he will occupy the old "Slide Still Gallery" until he can put up a new building.

Republican State Convention.

The Republicans of Pennsylvania, and all others in favor of an Honest Currency and the faithful discharge of National Obligations, and opposed to Communism and the Restoration to Power in the National Government of the influences which produced the Rebellion of 1861, are requested to send delegates apportioned to their representation in the Legislature, to a Convention to meet at Harrisburg, at 12 M., on the 23d day of July next, to nominate a candidate for State Treasurer, and transact such other business as may be brought before it.

M. S. QUAY,
Chairman State Committee.
Philadelphia, June 3, 1879.

Meeting of Republican Executive Committee.

A meeting of the County Republican Executive Committee will be held at Smethport on Tuesday, the 24th day of June, 1879, for the purpose of selecting delegates to represent the county of McKean in the State Convention to be held at Harrisburg on the 23d day of July next, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting. A full attendance of Republicans generally is especially requested.

R. B. STONE, Ch'n.
T. J. MELVIN, Sec'y.

MEMBERS OF COMMITTEE.

Annin—Alex. Goodrich, F. F. Bishop.
Bradford Boro—Frank Lapham, T. J. Melvin.
Bradford Tp.—Sheldon Jewett, E. McMurray.
Corn—C. H. Robinson, J. P. Clyens.
Corydon—S. J. Covel, R. B. Tome.
Duke Center Boro.—W. I. Lewis, W. H. Kapdall.
Eldred—C. B. Stull, C. C. Moses.
Hamlin—L. R. Fletcher, John Hafner.
Hamilton—W. R. Bartholomew, N. W. Cobb.
Keating—W. O. Douglas, H. W. Roeder.
Kendall Boro—E. Parker, W. A. Snyder.
Lafayette—F. L. Aldrich, A. M. Prentice.
Liberty—C. A. Larrabee, O. D. Vosburgh.
Norwich—N. C. Gallup, Jr., W. W. Brewer.
Otto—J. E. Baldwin, V. F. Sprague.
Sergeant—J. R. Shoemaker, H. Townsend.
Smethport—M. A. Sprague, H. F. Barbour.
Wetmore—O. D. Coleman, T. H. Ryan.

THE Bradford Evening *Star* argues that the Standard Company controls the municipal government of that city.

THE Spofford—Kellogg contested election case is developing the usual crop of Louisiana perjuries. One witness has already been arrested for perjury, and it is likely that all ought to be.

SOMEBODY with an unpleasant memory recalls the fact that General Ewing, of Ohio, sought the passage of a bill through the Legislature a few years ago, making it a penitentiary offence for workingmen to organize societies for self-protection.

THE Eastern Democratic editor has had a good many tough jobs lately, but nothing to compare with that of pretending to be pleased with the work of the party in Ohio. After declaring for years that Ewing was not a representative Democrat, it is hard to accept him as one at such a short notice.

THE Republican State Convention will meet at Harrisburg on the 23d of July for the purpose of nominating a candidate for State Treasurer. By reference to a call published in this issue, it will be observed that the Republican Executive Committee will meet in this place, on Tuesday, the 24th inst., to select delegates to the State Convention and transact such other business as may arise.

JOHN G. THOMPSON is to abdicate as Chairman of the Ohio Democratic State Committee in favor of Lem. Harris, who nominated Ewing in the Convention, and who was so drunk on that occasion that he fell on attempting to walk upon the platform, and whose speech was so thick that no one could understand what he said. He will whoop 'er up for reform in lively shape.—*Buffalo Express.*

MR. FOSTER made a neat point on the Democrats in his serenade speech at Columbus a few day ago. Speaking of the hallabaloo in the Democratic convention over the one negro delegate, he said:—"One thing that our Democratic friends for many years abhorred above all others was the niggers. Why, when we undertook to put the colored man in the field and make a soldier out of him, our Democratic friends said: 'That won't do. Our white soldiers won't stand it, and besides that he smells so badly he will never make a soldier.' What a wondrous difference, what a wondrous effect it has upon the smell of the colored man to have his vote for the Democratic ticket. It purifies him at once."

THE resolutions passed by the State Senate upon adjournment commendatory of the services of Hon. Lucius Rogers, which we publish elsewhere, express no high sounding meaningless phrases, but a hearty appreciation even from political opponents of a most capable public servant. Mr. Rogers has served nearly twenty years continuously as a clerk of the Senate, and has never failed at the end of the session to count as among his warm friends the entire body, regardless of political opinions. He now retires to go into the office of the Secretary of Internal Affairs as Chief Deputy. Should he choose to make his retirement permanent, the Senate will find it extremely difficult to fill his place.

A PERSONAL effort is being made by Senator Bayard's friends to accumulate some credit for him by saying that he has been opposed to the revolutionary programme of his party from the beginning, and has on several occasions raised his voice against it in caucus. Yet whenever the voting began he has been found with all the other Southern statesmen, solid on the side of revolution. The trouble with this excuse is that it lacks substance. It has been made for all the Southerners, but in spite of it the fact remains that these men have a majority in the caucus and have always voted in favor of the measures which they profess to oppose.

CLOSED UP AT LAST.

Final Adjournment of the Legislature—Final Fall of the Gavels.

HARRISBURG, June 4.—At a quarter before 11 o'clock Lieutenant Governor Stone called the Senate to order, and the chaplain offered a fervent prayer. Senator Gazzam offered a resolution thanking Lieutenant Governor Stone and President *pro tem* Herr for the able manner in which they had performed their duties, which was unanimously adopted.

RESOLUTIONS PASSED.

The following, offered by Senator Newell, was adopted:

Resolved, That a committee of five Senators be appointed, who, with the aid of the Lieutenant Governor and Chief Clerk of the Senate, shall revise the rules of the Senate and make a report at the next session.

Mr. Craig offered the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted.

WHEREAS, The Journal Clerk of the Senate, Lucius Rogers, Esq., is about to sever his connection with the Senate, which he has for so many years served in a manner acceptable to it in the highest degree and with the greatest credit to himself; therefore,

Resolved, That the members of the Senate hereby express to Mr. Rogers their satisfaction at the manner he has conducted the duties of his office, and also his personal attentions to the Senators individually, and while the Senators will lose his valuable services, it is gratifying to know that the State will still have shown the benefit of his ability in a high position near the head of one of the chief departments of the State government.

Senator Herr made a long speech reviewing the work of the session and congratulating the Senators on the close of their work, which was rapturously applauded.

MORE RESOLUTIONS.

Senator Robertson and Beidleman offered resolutions thanking Chief Clerk Thomas B. Cochran, Reading Clerk E. W. Smiley and Senate Librarian Captain J. C. Delaney for their duties and the uniform kindness and courtesy manifested toward all the Senators, which were unanimously adopted, several Senators making complimentary remarks on the gentlemen.

PRESIDENT PRO TEM ELECTED.

The Senate then proceeded to the election of a president pro tem., Senator Jones nominating Senator John Lamon, of Philadelphia, and Senator Jackson nominating Senator John G. Hall, of Elk. Senator Lamon received 28 votes and Senator Hall 15. Senator Lamon was then conducted to the chair and the oath of office administered by Chief Justice Sharswood, of the Supreme Court. After taking the chair he returned thanks in a neat speech for the honor conferred on him.

Mr. Jones made a few appropriate remarks, after which the Lieutenant Governor adjourned the Senate *sine die*.

IN THE HOUSE.

After the House had formally opened Mr. Brooks, of Cameron, delivered one of his verbose speeches, taking for his subject the pigeon which flew into the House last night and perched on a window cornice. The speech was the cause of much merriment among the members. After more speeches and much noise and confusion Mr. Fraser, of Allegheny, ended the discussion by introducing a resolution to appoint a committee of two to wait upon the Senate and inform it the House would adjourn at 12 o'clock meridian. This ended the ripple of coming bad feeling, and restored harmony and calmness.

WATCH PRESENTATION.

The House then took a half hour's recess. During the intermission, the formal session was opened with Mr. Butler in the chair, who called on Mr. Davis, of Philadelphia, to present to Speaker Long the testimonial of regard the members had prepared for him. Mr. Davis, in few feeling and appropriate remarks—in which he referred to the speakers under whom he had served in an eight years' service in the House, and to the fact that Speaker Long had demonstrated that an intelligent man can preside over and control the deliberations of two hundred members—presented the Speaker with an elegant watch and chain.

MORE SPEECHES.

Speaker Long replied at some length, and concluded with returning his thanks to the members for their valuable testimonial. General McClandless, at the invitation of Mr. Long, then addressed the members on behalf of the Speaker, his remarks being appropriate on the final adjournment of the Legislature. Mr. Frazier, of Allegheny, on behalf of Chief Clerk Shurlock then presented the Speaker with an ivory gavel, mounted with a gold band appropriately inscribed. The Speaker returned his thanks to the Chief Clerk, and in doing so spoke of the present corps of officers as the most efficient the House ever had. Mr. Hewitt then presented on behalf of the page boys, a pair of napkin rings, one intended for Speaker Long and the other for his assistant, Mr. Hewitt's remarks were in a humorous vein and elicited loud applause.

MORE PRESENTS.

Hon. John A. Small, on behalf of the officers of the House, then presented the Speaker with a handsome gold charm in the shape of gavel, holding two diamonds. Mr. Early, of Mifflin, spoke of the changes that have taken place in the House since he first became acquainted with it. Seventeen years ago he first met John A. Small, the resident clerk of the House. While everything else has changed, John A. Small has remained has remained the same genial, kind-hearted official. Dr. Earley then presented the resident clerk with an elegant and costly case of sterling solid silver tea and table spoons, on behalf of the Democratic members of the House. The complimentary references to Mr. Small were loudly applauded by the members. Mr. Small replied in a feeling manner.

AND STILL MORE.

Mr. Hines, on behalf of a few members, presented Harry Hahn, reading clerk, with a brilliant diamond stud; and to the same officer Mr. Neill, on behalf of the citizens of the Fifteenth ward, Philadelphia, presented a set of silver knives, forks and spoons and a silver castor. Mr. Hahn made suitable replies to the donors. Mr. Faunce, on behalf of the Democratic members, then presented Journal Clerk Allen with a set of silver teaspoons. Mr. Allen made a brief return of his thanks. Mr. Wolfe then presented "Billy" Cooper, the Speaker's clerk, with an elegant solid gold watch and chain, for which Billy expressed himself duly thankful. Dr. Early then tendered to Hon. John E. Faunce, on behalf of the entire Philadelphia delegation, a handsome gold watch. Mr. Faunce returned his thanks for the present in a feeling and appropriate manner.

VALEDICTORY—WORK OF THE SESSION.

The customary resolutions of thanks were then offered and unanimously adopted; the committees to notify the governor and the senate of the approaching adjournment reported; and Speaker Long, assuming the chair, delivered a long valedictory in which he said that there have been introduced into the house eight hundred and sixty-three bills, six hundred and seventy-one having been read in place in the house, and one hundred and ninety-two presented from the senate. Of the above, all were acted upon by the committees, and reported to the house, except sixty-one. The eight hundred and two bills thus brought into the house from the committees, have been disposed of as follows:

BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS PASSED.

Two hundred and sixty-four bills have been passed through all the necessary stages, and finally passed; eight bills have been advanced through first and second reading and up to final passage; and two hundred and forty-seven have been acted upon up to, and all are now upon second reading. The remaining bills, numbering two hundred and eighty-three, have been considered, and after reaching various stages, been negatived by committee or by the house or have been ruled unconstitutional. In addition to the above bills, there have been passed by the house twenty concurrent resolutions, requiring the signature of the governor, but are not numbered. These added to the bills passed finally, negatived and ruled unconstitutional, make eight hundred and twenty-two finally disposed of by the house, and total number acted upon.

THE LAST WORDS AT LAST.

As the last words dropped from the speaker's lips, the gravel fell, and with the fall came the announcement; "The hour of twelve o'clock having arrived, this house stands adjourned without day." It was one o'clock and ten minutes after the hour fixed for adjournment—when the members separated, and the session of the legislature of 1879 was at an end.

ACCORDING to the Salt Lake *Tribune*, a Gentile paper, the scene of the Mountain Meadow massacre is now the very picture of desolation. Before the Mormons murdered one hundred and thirty-one innocent men, women and children there in 1857, the meadows were known far and wide as a paradise in the desert, with an abundance of grass, crystal streams, and ever-flowing springs. To-day the grass is gone, the water courses dried up, and nothing but a dreary waste marks the once beautiful spot. It is said that the earth is also sinking, and the bones which were collected after the massacre, though thrice buried, continue to reappear, while settlers in the vicinity shun the spot as haunted, and say that the winds from the Meadows bring piercing cries for help to their ears.

ADVICES received from Bucks, Chester and Montgomery counties, and the lower portion of Schuylkill county, report heavy losses to farmers by the storm of 4th inst. Several barns were destroyed by lightning. Grain sheds and outhouses were blown down in all directions, and much injury was done to the fruit trees. Three thousand panes of glass were broken by hail stones in the greenhouse of Hepler & Hankins, of Philadelphia.

THE Washington *Republican* says the House is refusing to grant leave of absence to members, and adds, if the greater portion of the members of the majority side of the chamber were allowed to follow their own inclinations, there would not be a quorum of the House in the Capitol forty-eight hours after such permission was given. It's a sick party, but there is no help for it, within its own control.

THE Cleveland *Leader* has unearthed a speech made by General Ewing in 1873, and keeps standing at its editorial head these words of the present Democratic candidate for Governor of Ohio: "All these events have forced me, though most reluctantly, to the conclusion that the Democratic party is corrupt, and ineffective as an ally, and not a fit instrument of reform in American politics."

BY virtue of a law signed Monday by the President, small silver coins are now legal-tender for ten dollars instead of five; and they may be forwarded to the Treasury in sums of twenty dollars and multiples thereof and greenbacks received in exchange. Under these provisions, small silver change should no longer be the drug that it has been.

CINCINNATI, June 7.—The hailstorm which passed over the northeastern and central portions of this State, was the severest ever known. In Delaware, Ohio, hail fell in perfect torrents, breaking windows, and were as large as hens' eggs in some instances. At Millersburg and all through that section the damage to crops was considerable.

WOOING THE OHIO GREENBACKERS.

From the New York Tribune.

The old threadbare trick once more is offered to Ohio Democrats. Mr. Henry Watterson, who represents those Bourbons of the Solid South by whose tolerance Democracy has been made synonymous with repudiation, announces that in Ohio the financial issue "sinks to a minor place." It has been sinking, in the estimation of these Bourbons, ever since they went out of power in 1861. They are not repudiators; O no! But during the war they were willing to see the credit of the United States broken, because the Union was engaged in coercing "sovereign States." After the war, they tolerated Pendletonism, because the Republicans were in favor of impartial suffrage. *Now* they assent to the most wanton, reckless and dangerous notions of the Greenback fanatics, and their excuse is that there is no other way to make head against the Republican party. Yet these Bourbons pretend that they are loyal! What loyalty, indeed, to stab the honor and credit of the Nation in the hope of wresting its Government and patronage from the party now in power!

But while the old Bourbons thus appeal to all the old-fashioned, hard-money Democrats to support the regular ticket on the pretext that "the financial issue sinks to a minor place," demagogues are also appealing to all soft-money Republicans and repudiating Greenbackers to support the same ticket, on the pretext that the financial issue has the first place, and is practically the only one involved. If there is a fanatic in any town in Ohio, who believes that unlimited issues of cheap money are necessary to the salvation of the country, he is armed with Ewing's speeches and Ewing's Congressional record, and sent out to convert men to the support of the Ohio champion of soft-money. If there is an extremist, who has for sale a ranting speech against banks and bondholders, he is hired to go forth for the Democratic party, and to cry aloud the financial opinions of Ewing. It is the old story. It does not come natural to the Democratic party to make any serious effort to carry an election without cheating. Since "Polk, Dallas and the tariff of '42" was the watchword in Pennsylvania of the party which repealed that tariff as soon as it gained the power, there has not been a single important election in which the Democratic party has not tried to get office on false pretences.

The trick has been tried in Ohio too often. It will do no good to tell people there that the financial issue "sinks to a minor place," when General Ewing has been selected as the candidate. Every voter in Ohio, whose vote could be influenced by any argument whatever, knows that the selection of Ewing made the financial issue the one of paramount interest and importance in the election this Fall. A party which nominates him is, of necessity, a soft-money party, a party hostile to bondholders and banks, a party that believes in cheap money and no credit for the Government. If there are other issues in the contest, they grow out of this and cluster around it. The repudiators of all sorts, open and covert, direct and indirect, leap to the support of Ewing instantly, and they are right. His beliefs, carried into execution, would leave this country without credit enough to fit out one battery or to suppress a rebellion in one county. And for that precise reason, every revolutionist and every unforgetting and vindictive rebel is in favor of Ewing. Before fighting the Government the next time, they want to hamstring it.

A Good Man.

New York Correspondence Philad. Times.

You remember in a previous letter I told of the death of Charley Pulham, the city editor of the New York *Times*, and Dr. Wood's predecessor in the Press Club. Since his death I have learned of the fact that his salary during his long illness, of nearly a year, and possibly longer, was regularly paid, and sent by order of Mr. George Jones, proprietor and editor of the *Times*, to his sick room. We, who earn our daily bread by our daily labor, and who depend, literally, upon the receipts coined by the work of the hour, thoroughly appreciate the generosity and the courtesy and the manhood of this. The boys of the *Times* office, touched by this consideration—if it had been ostentatious its beauty would have been marred—kindness of their chief, sent him a round robin indicative of their recognition. To this Mr. Jones, as he clipped a match to his cigarette, replied, "Let the credit rest where it belongs. Many years ago," said he, "when Mr. Raymond and I were drawing up the programme of the New York *Times*, he said to me: 'I wish it to be distinctly understood that so long as I control the editorial department of this or any other paper the salary of every man connected with it shall be paid as regularly during his illness as at any other time. I shall never forget that I was sent, on one occasion, by the great editor of a New York paper to report a meeting very, very far up town. Returning, I was drenched to the skin. The combined exposure and subsequent office work before I could change my clothing resulted in a severe attack of sickness. For thirteen weeks I tossed upon a bed of suffering, narrowly escaping death. When barely convalescent I got down to the office as best I could. No one had been to see me. I had no money. Nothing but the kindness and generosity of my landlady had kept me from the street. I went to the cashier and asked for some money. He informed me that my salary had ceased on the day that my illness began. With a heavy heart, but a fiery indignation, I turned from the office, resolved to quit a service so inhuman. I made a resolution, then and there, that if I was ever placed in a position of control no man should ever lose a dollar by reason of his sickness.' 'This rule,' continued Mr. Jones, "was made then and there, and from that hour it has been and is now, and always will be the rule in the *Times* office."

The Rebel Yell and Confederate Flag.

From the Washington Correspondent to the Philadelphia Sunday Times, (Dem.)

Some of the gentlemen that went to Winchester yesterday to attend the dedication of the confederate monument there returned here this morning. From the accounts they bring, the proceedings, according to my mind, were unbecoming. I have no dissatisfaction to express over the strewing of flowers on the graves of the brave boys who died in the confederate army, nor do I object to the rearing of monuments to their valor, though the latter may have two sides of the question. But I am informed by gentlemen, all Democrats in politics, who went to Winchester, that the rebel yell was heard again and again, that confederate flags appeared in the procession, that the most disloyal sentiments were frequently expressed, and that the gray uniform was not, an unfrequent sight. Not an American flag, with one or two exceptions, was to be seen, while confederate flags were numbered by the hundreds. Around the graves of the Ashbys, the noted cavalry leaders, seventeen miniature confederate flags were counted. Now, I have lived in Washington so long and seen so many confederates (and I have seen them on battle fields, too, I assure you), that I am sure I am not prejudiced against them. They are made of the same sort of clay as the rest of us, but I want to ask the fair-minded fellows of both armies if it is right and decent to keep up the rebel yell and to perpetuate the confederate flag by carrying it in processions and sticking it on the graves of the victims of our great war? The people of the North are blamed for keeping up sectional strife and reviving the memories of the war. Can anything do more to inflame the blood of the people, North and South, than the rebel yell and the confederate flag?

HEND. B. WRIGHT looms once more as a demagogue who knows how to make his profession a paying one. He has received permission to visit California with his committee to "Investigate the Causes of the Depression of Labor," and he will start as soon as Congress adjourns. This expedition will cost the Government a good round sum, and will enable Wright and his companion humbugs to enjoy a summer vacation at the expense of the people. In return for it, the country will not receive a particle of information which it does not already possess, but will be obliged to pay for the printing of a clumsy report written by a demagogue upon a subject which he is unable to understand.

MASONIC HALL

FURNITURE STORE!

Specht & Sasse.

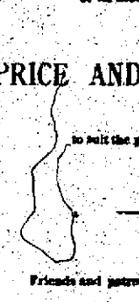
We are now settled in our new store, and are prepared to furnish the people of this vicinity and the county with

FURNITURE

of all kinds and of

PRICE AND QUALITY

to suit the purchaser.



Friends and patrons are invited to

CALL AND SEE US

in our location, and

Look at our Stock

SPECHT & SASSE,

Main St., Smethport, Pa.

LIVERY

AND

Exchange Stables

AT THE BENNETT HOUSE BARN.

FORD R. KNAPP, Proprietor.

Parties desiring single or double rigs for pleasure or business purposes can be furnished at any time with

Good Horses and Stylish Rigs

to drive any distance. Pleasure, Fishing and Hunting parties carried at reasonable rates.

C. V. CILLIS,

dealer in

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

PAINTS, OILS,

FANCY GOODS, &C.

KANE PA.

W. S. BROWNELL,

Dealer in

Dry Goods & Groceries,

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Etc.

SMETHPORT, PENN'A.

MAPS

Of the Bradford or Northern Oil Region. By J. Opperman, C. E.

JUST REVISED.

For sale by F. P. Wentworth, Stationer, or at my office, Bradford, Pa., A. B. Armstrong, Smethport Pa., and by M. A. Blakeslee, Custaveer, Olean N. Y.

Price, Two and Three Dollars.

Lands Surveyed

With accuracy and upon short notice.

J. OPPERMAN,

Civil Engineer and Surveyor.

Office next of Oil Exchange, Bradford, Pa.

FRESH MILK

Delivered every Morning

THE undersigned having established a regular route for the supply of fresh milk to the people of Smethport and vicinity, solicits the patronage of the community.

GEO. W. KING.

HAIR DRESSING

By Mrs. Jane Lucas. Any thing in this line will be promptly and carefully attended to.

HAIR JEWELRY.

Miss Sibil Lucas, during her absence, has been instructed by a first-class hair-jeweler of Cortland, N. Y., and is now prepared to make ladies' and gents' hair chains, necklaces, &c. 11-3m.

LOTS FOR BUILDING PURPOSES

—AT—

Farmers' Valley Depot.

The undersigned is prepared to lease very eligible lots for building and business purposes at Farmers' Valley depot, on reasonable terms. For further information call upon or address

ADAM BROCKAM,

May 8, 1879-tf Farmers' Valley, Pa.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A Sure Cure for Toothache.

Oh, the *suffering* caused by toothache. The inclination is to rush to the dentist and have the offending tooth extracted even at the risk of sadly marring the good looks. *Don't do it!* Go to the druggist instead and get *Hamilton's Dental Toothache Drops.* They will cure in one minute. Price per bottle, 25 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

The Forgetfulness of People.

The Oxford Professor, who, to avoid the wind when taking snuff, turned around, but forgot to turn back, and walked six miles into the country, was no more forgetful than those who still use the huge, drastic, cathartic pills, forgetting that Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets, which are sugar-coated, and little larger than mustard seeds, are a positive and reliable cathartic, readily correcting all irregularities of the stomach, liver, and bowels. Sold by druggists.

FROM THE N. Y. CUSTOM HOUSE.

CUSTOM HOUSE, New York City, Nov. 14, '78.
DR. M. FENNER,

I have been afflicted for some time with Biliousness and Nervous Prostration unfitting me for business. Having had your Blood and Liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic recommended to me by several friends here, who had experienced its beneficial effects, as the remedy for restoring a disordered system, I was induced to try it. I can thankfully assure you that it has exceeded my expectations, and that I can confidently urge its use upon those suffering from the diseases for which it is prepared. Sincerely yours, WM. POST.

Chief Clerk, Weighers' Department.

Dr. Fenner's Blood and Liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic may well be called "the conquering hero" of the times. It is the medical triumph of the age. Whoever has "the blues" should take it, for it *regulates* and *restores* the disordered system that gives rise to them. It always cures Biliousness and Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Headaches, FEVER AND AGUE, SELFEX EXCLARGEMENTS, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Pimples, Blotches and ALL SKIN ERUPTIONS and BLOOD DISORDERS; Swelled Limbs and Dropsy; Sleeplessness, Impaired Nerves and Nervous Debility; Restores flesh and strength when the system is running down or going into decline; cures Female Weakness and Chronic Rheumatism, and relieves Chronic Bronchitis, and all Lung and Throat difficulties. It does these things by striking at the root of disease and removing its causes.

Dr. Fenner's Improved Cough Honey will relieve any cough in one hour.

Dr. Fenner's Golden Relief cures any pain, as Tooth-ache, Neuralgia, Colic or Headache in 5 to 30 minutes, and readily relieves Rheumatism, Kidney Complaint, Diarrhœa, etc.

Dr. Fenner's St. Vitus Dance Specific, One bottle always cures. For sale by A. B. Armstrong. n38-1y.

THE McKEAN MINER.

Smethport, Pa., June 12, 1879.

JEFFERSON DAVIS has declined a large offer to make the tour of the North and lecture. If he should attempt it, it would kill the Democratic party even deader than it is now, though he choose such an innocent subject as "The Ruins of Carthage" or "The Treason of Catiline."

THE more bouyant members of the Bourbon House boast that the Democratic backbone is as stiff as the flagstaff which held the confederate stars and bars aloft until it fell for the want of hands to keep it standing; just what will become of the Democratic party, fall for the want of hands with votes in them to hold them in power.

GENERAL SHIELDS, who just died, is the man whom General Butler last winter nominated for Doorkeeper of the House, "to embarrass the Democrats," and who did embarrass them seriously when, in a dress-review before the whole country, they deliberately set aside this veteran of three wars and appointed a a Confederate soldier to the place.

IT IS useless for the Democrats to talk any more about making this or that question an issue for 1880. What they want is not an issue but a free field to stuff ballot boxes in New York city. The last caucus plan shows this purpose more clearly than ever before. They cannot elect a President with a fair election in New York, and they are fighting solely to make such an election impossible.

THE canvass for judges in Chicago has been a disgraceful scene. The candidates of both parties have been subjected to the most acrimonious abuse, and if half of what has been said is true, most of them ought to be in the penitentiary. "Thief," "blackmailer," "corruptionist," "friend of criminals," these have been among the milder epithets. The result is that, now that the election is over, men become judges of law in a great city, whom the papers have for weeks vindictively denounced, and this cannot be wholesome. Either the libel law ought to restrain newspapers in their comments, or, what would perhaps be more important, judges ought to be appointive or to hold their positions for a long term of years. Every judicial officer ought to enjoy the confidence of the people; and he cannot if he has for months been denounced as a rascal by a widely circulated public press.—*Tribune.*

The Ohio Mistake.

The Ohio Democrats have announced to the country that they are the very humble servants of the Confederate caucus at Washington. They indorse in unstinted phrases of praise all the measures the Democrats in Congress have supported at the dictation of the caucus to complete the transfer of the Government to the hands of the Southern brigadiers. They denounce the laws for preserving the purity of the ballot. They violently assail the President for performing his constitutional duty and vetoing bills he could not approve. They were prevented from going as far as the caucus would like to go but dare not, and demanding the starving to death of the United States Army, only by two Congressmen rushing into the breach and warning them not to venture on such dangerous ground.

In their financial resolutions they are cautious to the verge of timidity, and abandon half of the Ohio idea. By failing to speak out against resumption and in favor of inflation, and by contenting themselves with an ambiguous silver clause and a renewal of last year's attack on the National banks, they do nothing to ameliorate the feeling of the Greenbackers, and only raise again a question on which their party went to the people last year under the lead of Mr. Thurman, and was beaten. The only new features of the platform not copied from the speeches of the Democrats in Congress are an indorsement of the unpopular Ohio Legislature and a little weak sop for the German voters in the shape of a resolution for the better protection of naturalized citizens returning to Germany.

In its nomination for Governor the convention made one of the mistakes which the Democratic party is so apt to make at critical moments. Its best course to win a prospect for victory was evidently to have taken up the one-legged soldier, General Rice, whose recent advocacy of the Arrears of Pensions bill gave him a new claim to the support of the soldier element. By putting him forward for the Governorship, the Democrats could have broken the force of the Republican attack upon them for their subserviency to the chiefs of the rebellion. The next best thing to do was to renominate Governor Bishop, and thus preserve the two-term tradition of the party, relying upon his freedom from an assailable record and his remarkable powers as a hand-shaker and "mixer" to carry him through. Instead of taking either of these courses, the convention allowed itself to be stampeded for General Ewing, who, although a soldier, has no special hold on the soldier element, who has only lived in the State since 1868, and has been a candidate for some office or other almost ever since, and who has been of late hanging half way over the verge of the Democracy with both legs in the Greenbackers' camp.

If this nomination could secure the alliance of the Greenbackers there would be some sense in it, but the convention of the Nationals on the same day rejected the notion of a conlition with contempt, and put up a full ticket of its own. Ewing will repel the hard-money Democrats without gaining over any of the extreme soft-money men from the third party. His nomination gives the Republicans the opportunity to make the fight largely on the question of resumption and honest money, upon which they have always carried Ohio, and where they are much stronger to-day than ever before.

The convention sought to conciliate the angry partisans of Rice by nominating him for Lieutenant-Governor in the face of the statements of three of his friends that they had his authority to say that he would not accept the place under any circumstances. This performance was as if a military company should seize hold of a man who asked to be made its captain and force him to march in the ranks as a corporal.

THE BUCKTAILS.

Lieutenant Colonel Kane's Command in the Valley—His Gallantry at Drainsville.

From the Philadelphia Times.

In an article entitled "Confederate Dead," which appeared in the *Times* of May 18, there is a paragraph headed "Ashby and Colonel Charles J. Biddle," and as it does great injustice to a gallant officer I am constrained to ask the publication of this statement of the affair.—In so doing I most earnestly desire to be understood as not attempting in any sense to detract from the pre-eminent services of Colonel Biddle as a soldier, for I fail to recall a better field officer or one more qualified and deserving of high command. My intercourse with him was frequent from July 29, 1861, until he left the command to take his place in the Congress about to assemble in December, 1861, and I have no feeling as relates to him but admiration for his character and reverence for his memory.

Upon the withdrawal of Colonel Biddle the command of the Bucktails devolved upon Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas L. Kane, and under his leadership it participated in the "Battle of Drainsville," where Lieutenant Colonel Kane was severely wounded in the mouth. Whilst the Lieutenant Colonel was in the hospital suffering from his painful wound, Captain McNeil, of Company D, was elected to the Colonelcy. Upon Lieutenant Colonel Kane's partial recovery Companies C, G, H and I were ordered by General McClellan to be detached and report to the Lieutenant Colonel for drill as skirmishers, and a short time after the remaining six companies started in the First Corps with the Army of the Potomac toward Richmond.

In the early part of May Lieutenant Colonel Kane, with the four companies, numbering about three hundred and fifty-seven muskets, were assigned to the command of Colonel Bayard, whose cavalry brigade was in the advance of General McDowell's Corps.

The brigade being the extreme advance, the Bucktails were pushed on a reconnoisance to within six miles of Hanover Court House, whence they were recalled and ordered to support Fremont in the support of Stonewall Jackson up the Shenandoah Valley. They led Fremont's advance throughout the entire pursuit, conducting their marching and fighting according to their peculiar tactics. In twelve successive days, during seven of which they were constantly engaged with the enemy, they marched nearly twenty miles a day, and, counting flank marching and service in fight, exclusive of foraging, an estimate or thirty-two. Without blankets, tents or regular rations (there being issued to them in twelve days only three and a half rations of crackers, one of meat and two of coffee and sugar), they outmarched and wore down all the horses of the cavalry. Thus in less than a fortnight the effective force of the battalion was reduced to one hundred and twenty-eight men. On the 6th of June, upon their arrival at Harrisonburg, at evening, reports came that the First New Jersey Cavalry had fallen into an ambuscade, and that the wounded, including Captain Haines, a brave young officer, were left lying upon the field. It was necessary to know the position and strength of the enemy. It was important, also, to keep him too hard pressed to suffer him to act separately against Shields, whose command he could not cope with when united with Fremont's. Colonel Kane and his scouts, one hundred and four in number, volunteered to go forward, hoping to rescue the wounded.—Advancing through a wood to the left of the road they suddenly encountered a rebel regiment in line of battle. Sending back the good tidings that he had found the enemy, he at once attacked.

The enemy's line broke in front under the Bucktail fire, and was driven back, but others on the line held their ground or closed inward. When it was evident that they were in force, Private Martin Kelley signalized himself by an act of heroic devotion. The line of the enemy was protected from the fire of the battalion by the crest of hill, the Fifty-eighth Virginia being formed but a few paces in front. Kelley, seeing that the Colonel was about to give the order to advance, said, "Colonel, shall I draw their fire?" and deliberately stepping from behind a tree received, without flinching, a volley of balls, falling dead upon the instant. Relying upon a promise of support from General Fremont, the Bucktails stoutly held their ground under cover of the trees, loading and firing with the accuracy for which they were celebrated. Colonel Kane was wounded in the leg early in the fight, but, leaning against a tree, he watched the battle.—The rebel line beginning to waver, an officer stepped out in front and urged them on, the emphatic "Virginians" sounding through all the din. Private Holmes, who had already received a mortal wound and was lying close by Colonel Kane, rose up and deliberately fired at the officer, who leaped sharply up and fell dead. It was the rebel General Ashby, who was commanding Stuart's Brigade, consisting of the Forty-fourth and Fifty-eighth Virginia, the First Maryland and a Louisiana Regiment of this brigade. Against this powerful force the handful of Bucktails was contending, at every moment in expectation the reinforcements would come; but, though repeatedly called for, and, as is alleged, two regiments were ordered, none ever appeared on the ground. After maintaining the contest for upwards of an hour, and finding the rebel force closing in upon him, Colonel Kane gave the order to scatter, but scarcely had it been given when he was struck heavily on the breast and thrown senseless upon the ground. Captain Taylor drew off the remnant of the command, but unwilling to leave his commander alone, wounded upon the field, turned back to rescue him, and was captured.

* * *

The loss in killed, wounded and prisoners was fifty-two, just half of the entire number engaged.—[History of Pennsylvania Volunteers, vol. 1, pp. 911-913.]

General Stewart's brigade was ordered up and was soon engaged in a sharp fight in which the little band of Kane's Pennsylvanians (Bucktail Rifles) performed uncommon deeds of valor, Kane was wounded and made prisoner and lost fifty-five of his men.—[History of the Civil War, vol. 2, Losing, p. 395.]

Testimony corroborative of the foregoing extracts can be found in the pages of Greely, Draper, Tenney, Schmucker, Brockett, Abbot, Headley, Blake, Victor, Tomes and Craft, whilst Confederate proof is equally strong, as an examination of Fletcher, Pollard and General Richard Taylor will show, but I content myself with one extract:

We then discovered that we had encountered the celebrated Bucktail Rifles, commanded by Lieutenant Colonel Kane, who was wounded and a prisoner in our hands.—[Memoirs of General Turner Ashby. Avirett, pp. 228.]

The recollection of General Kane's gallantry at Gettysburg forbids that loss should be said. Sick, suffering from wounds and unable to ride in the saddle, he left the hospital and joined the army upon that field. His services and those of his gallant command, consisting of the Twenty-ninth, One Hundred and Ninth and One Hundred and Eleventh Regiments, Pennsylvania Volunteers, Forming the Second Brigade, Second Division, Twelfth Corps, is one of the most glorious memories of those who witnessed the leader's bravery and their devotion to him and the cause they had espoused, even unto death.

JOHN P. NICHOLSON.

PHILADELPHIA, May 24, 1879.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

McKEAN & BUFFALO RAILROAD
Time table went into effect Monday, May 12, 1879, at 8.50 o'clock a.m.

SOUTHWARD.

STATIONS.	Mail.	Ex.	Ac'm	Local.
R. R. Y. & P.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.
Buffalo Lv's	9.00	4.10	7.45	6.00
Olean	10.40	7.10	1 40pm	12.15pm
K. & K.				
Bradford	9.25	5.40	6.45am	"
R. R. Y. & P.				
Eldred	11.24	7.03	8.25	1.50
Larrabee	11.35	8.00	8.50	2.15
Frisbee	11.45*	8.12*	8.57*	2.40*
Curtis	11.55	8.17	9.09*	2.50*
Farmers Valley	11.55	8.27	9.15	4.10
Smethport	12.05	8.35	9.20	4.25
Crosby	12.20*			4.50*
Colegrove	12.25			4.55*
Hamlin	12.37*			5.07*
Warwag	12.45*			5.05*
Clermont Arr.	12.57			5.17

NORTHWARD.

STATIONS.	Mail.	Ex.	Ac'm	Local.
	P.M.			P.M.
Clermont Lv's	1.22			5.40
Warwag	1.30*			5.50*
Hamlin	1.50*			6.05*
Colegrove	1.53			6.11*
Crosby	1.55*	A. M	P.M.	6.15*
Smethport	2.15		6.45	6.35
Farmers Valley	2.25	9.35	6.55	6.45
Cory's	2.34	9.45	9.07	6.55
Frisbee	2.36*	9.47*	9.10*	6.58*
Larrabee	2.46	9.55	9.20	7.05pm
R. R. Y. & P.				
Eldred	3.02	10.13	"	8.24
K. & K.		P. M	A.M.	
Bradford	6.30	1.05	"	"
R. R. Y. & P.				
Olean	3.44	11.32	2.45	9.44
Buffalo Arr.	6.00	3 30	6.50	4.00

Trains will not stop at stations marked with a star (*). Trains will stop at stations marked thus (†) when flagged.

S. V. GODDES,
Superintendent.

BUFFALO, NEW YORK & PHILA. R'Y.

December 23, 1878.

TRAINS RUN ON BUFFALO TIME.

NO TRAINS ON SUNDAY.

SOUTHWARD.

Leave Buffalo 8:00 a. m.—Mail.—Arriving at Ebenezer, 8.16; Springbrook, 8.25; Elton, 8.30; Jamison's, 8.36 Aurora, 8.43; Wales, 8.53; Holland, 9.01; Protection, 9.10; Arcade, 9.20; Yorkshire, 9.35; Machias, 9.48; Franklinville, 9.58; Ischua, 10.14; Hinsdale, 10.27; Erie R'y Junct., 10 41, Olean, 10.55; Weston's, 11.50; Portville, 11.55; State Line, 11.11; Eldred 11.38; Larrabees, 11.52; Sartwell, 11.58; Turtle Point, 11.65; Port Allegany, 11.55; Liberty, 12.12; Keating, 12.20; Shippen, 12.37; P. M. Emporium, 12.55; connecting at Olean with Erie Railway East and West; and with Olean, Bradford & Warren R. R. farther West on Territory, arriving at Bradford at 12.15; p.m. at Larrabees with McKean & Buffalo R. R; at Emporium with Philadelphia & Erie R. R.

Leave Buffalo 4:10 p. m.—Port Allegany Express.—Arriving at Ebenezer, 4.27; Springbrook, 4.35; Elton, 4.40; Jamison's, 4.49; Aurora, 4.56; Wales, 5.02; Holland, 5.10; Protection, 5.27; Arcade, 5.41; Yorkshire, 5.50; Machias 5.59; Franklinville, 6.15; Ischua, 6.34; Hinsdale, 6.49; Erie R'y Junct. 7.05; Olean, 7.30; Weston, 7.10; Portville, 7.28; State Line, 7.37; Eldred, 7.59; Larrabees, 7.52; Sartwell, 8.08; Turtle Point, 8.15; Port Allegany, 8.26; p.m. connecting at Olean with Olean, Bradford & Warren R. R. arriving in Bradford at 9.25 p.m.

NORTHWARD.

Leave Port Allegany 6:42 a.m.—Express.—Arriving at Turtle Point 6.45; Sartwell, 7.00; Larrabees, 7.08 Eldred, 7.15; State Line, 7.25; Portville, 7.30; Weston's, 7.42; Olean, 8.00; Erie R'y Junct. 8.05; Hinsdale, 8.15; Ischua, 8.37; Franklinville, 8.46; Machias, 8.55; Yorkshire, 9 14; Arcade, 9 28; Protection, 9.39; Holland, 9.47; Wales, 9.56; Aurora, 10.02; Buffalo, 10.45 a.m. The Olean, Bradford & Warren train leaving Bradford at 6.00 a.m. makes direct connection at Olean with this train.

Leave Emporium 1:25 p.m.—Mail.—Arriving at Shippen, 1.41; Keating, 2.00; Liberty, 2.08; Port Allegany, 2.26; Turtle Point, 2.41; Sartwell, 2.46; Larrabees, 2.52; Eldred, 3.08; state Line, 3.16; Portville, 3.24 Weston's, 3.37; Olean, 3.44; Erie R'y Junct., 3.53; Hinsdale, 4.05; Ischua, 4.18; Franklinville, 4.37; Machias, 4.55; Yorkshire, 5.04; Arcade, 5.15; Protection, 5.27; Holland, 5.39; Wales, 5.50; Aurora, 6.00; Jamison's, 6.06; Elton, 6.15; Springbrook, 6.28; Ebenezer, 6.35; Buffalo, 8.50 p.m. P. & E. R. R. train from the East and South makes direct connection at Emporium with the above train, as do also the McKean & Buffalo R. R. train at Larrabees, the Erie Railway trains from the East and West at Olean, Bradford & Warren train leaving Bradford at 2.50 p.m.

"VEGETINE,"

Says a Boston physician, "has an equal as a blood purifier. Hearing of its many wonderful cures after all other remedies had failed, I purchased the Laboratory, and continue the use of its genuine merits. It is prepared from barks, roots and herbs, each of which is highly efficacious, and their properties combined in such a manner as to produce astonishing results."

VEGETINE
Is the great Blood Purifier.
VEGETINE
Will cure the worst case of Scrofula.
VEGETINE
Is recommended by physicians and apothecaries.
VEGETINE
Has effected some marvelous cures in cases of Cancer.
VEGETINE
Cures the worst cases of Canker.
VEGETINE
Meets with wonderful success in Mercurial disease.
VEGETINE
Will eradicate Salt Rheum from the System.
VEGETINE
Removes Pimples and Humors from the face.
VEGETINE
Cures Constipation and regulates the bowels.
VEGETINE
Is a valuable remedy for Headache.
VEGETINE
Will cure Dyspepsia.
VEGETINE
Restores the entire system to a healthy condition.
VEGETINE
Removes the cause of Dizziness.
VEGETINE
Relieves Faintness at the Stomach.
VEGETINE
Cures Pains in the Back.
VEGETINE
Unfailingly cures Kidney Complaint.
VEGETINE
Is effective in its cure of Female Weakness.
VEGETINE
Is the great remedy for General Debility.
VEGETINE
Is THE BEST
SPRING MEDICINE
VEGETINE
Prepared by
H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.
Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

Notice.

All persons having unsettled accounts with the late firm of A. E. Taylor, are hereby notified that said accounts are now in the hands of John C. Backus, who is Attorney for the Executors of the Estate of said Taylor, who will together with one or more of the said Executors make it a point to be at the office of said Backus, in the borough of Smethport, on *Wednesday and Thursday of each week* after next for the purpose of settling said accounts. All persons having unsettled accounts as above stated, will please be prompt in answering the notice, and thereby save themselves costs.

A. E. TAYLOR,
D. C. YOUNG,
F. N. TAYLOR. } Executors.

Smethport, Pa., Nov. 16, 1878.-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

ESTABLISHED 1845

PATTERNS FOR ARMATURES.
6—M. P. Rounded, $4.50.
10 " " 7.50.
12 " " 10.00.
Send for our Circulars.

2-H. P. Engine, $150.
4 " " 250.
6 " " 350.

B. W. Payne & Sons, Corning, N.Y.
Mention where you saw this.

A COMPLETE SET OF FINE TUMBLERS
GLASSWARE
OF 48 PIECES FOR
ONLY $5.00.

In order to introduce the new line of beautiful and valuable GLASSWARE to the consumer, we make the above unequaled offer for a limited time only.

	RETAIL PRICE.
12 Goblets	$1.50
12 Wine Glasses	1.00
12 Individual Salt Cellars	.75
1 Large Salt Cellar	.50
1 Half-Gallon Water Pitcher	1.50
1 Tall Celery Glass	.75
1 Cream Pitcher	.50
1 Sugar Bowl and Cover	.50
1 Spoon Holder	.25
1 Butter Dish and Cover	.50
1 Pickle Dish	.25
1 Patent Syrup Pitcher	.75
1 Large Fruit Bowl and Cover	1.25
1 Preserve Dish	.25
1 Large Lamp, with Burner and Chimney Complete	1.25
48 Pieces. Total retail price	$13.00

We refer to any Commercial Agency, Masonic Bank or citizen, if desired.

All of the above goods will be carefully packed and shipped to any address on receipt of $5.00. Send money by P. O. Order, Express, P. O. Draft, or Registered Letter, to GILLESPIE & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Splendid clubbing terms. v16-26t 6c.

Compound of Wool and Silk Felted together with the silk next to the foot. A sure relief for RHEUMATISM and proof against COLD and DAMP FEET. Many colds and the attendant consequences prevented by using these goods. Sent by mail to any address on receipt of 25 cts. State size of shoe worn, and if for Gent, Lady or Child.

Canvassers and Agents do well with these goods.

D. W. JOHNSON,
328 Arch Street, Philadelphia.
16-6-1mo

VICTORIOUS!
HIGHEST & BEST AWARD
And Grand Medal of Honor.
Economy, Durability and Rapidity combined with perfect work,
Are Distinguishing Features of the celebrated
Giant Power and Warehouse Press,
MADE BY
A. P. DICKEY,
Racine, Wis.

Now having many late improvements, they are fully equal to every demand; cleaning all kinds of Grain, Peas, Beans, Castor Beans, Corn and Small Seed. They grade Wheat perfectly by once handling. Separate Oats from Wheat, Barley and Rye. They have very perfect arrangements for cleaning Timothy, Clover, Flax Seed, Orchard Grass, and all other Small Seeds. They Chaff perfectly, and combine every qualification required to do the best work in the shortest time.

Woodsmen, as well as Farm Mills, are largely commended. Each machine will clean 40 to 60 bushels per hour, according to size of mill.

They are shipped, boxed for ocean transportation, and "set up" or "knocked down" for forwarding inland, as required; and in all cases put free on board Cars or Steamer. Orders filled same day as received.

Mills shipped "knocked down," go for half the freight charged as when forwarded "set up." Circulars and Catalogues supplied on application. Prices will be quoted low and on liberal terms. Correspondence solicited.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE WORLD'S BALM.

Dr. L. S. Upham's Alkahestic Salve.

A recently used THIRTY-FIVE YEARS in a private practice, and never failing to Radically Cure

RHUMATISM,

Dropsy, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Secondary Syphilis, Gravel, Diabetes, and all diseases in which the blood is implicated, is now offered to the public.

Sold by all Retail Druggists, and (wholesale only) by THE WEYMOUTH MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 338, Rochester, N. Y. 11 6m.

To Consumptives

The advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. Parties wishing the Prescription, will please address Rev. E. A. WILSON, 194 Penn St., Williamsburgh, N. Y.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A GENTLEMAN who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, &c., and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence,
JOHN B. OGDEN,
42 Cedar St., New York.
v16n51 6m

PILES Of all kinds, TUMORS, discharges of BLOOD, Ulcers, Fistulas, and all diseases of the RECTUM quickly and painlessly cured by a simple and soothing REMEDY. For information, address
DR. FABER & CO.,
J. M. Ann St., N. Y.
v16n43-6m

Dr. Duff,
A regular graduate of medicine, continues to devote special attention to all diseases of a Certain
PRIVATE and NERVOUS NATURE.

No matter who have failed, give him a call, his opinion costs nothing, his cures are radical, being for life, and effected with medicines prepared in his own laboratory, pure, safe and reliable.

Pamphlets, "Manhood and Womanhood," English and German, 64 pages, at office free; by mail 2 stamps. Consultation at office or by mail free and invited. Office hours 9 a. m. to 4 p. m., and 6 to 9 p. m. Sundays 2 to 5 p. m. Address DR. DUFF, 179 East Swan street, Buffalo, N. Y.
v15 n26 y11

Land Office of the Bingham Estate.

WELLSBOROUGH, Penn'a, Feb'y 25, 1879.

All persons are hereby cautioned against going upon the unsold lands of this estate without proper authority therefor. An unauthorized entry upon the lands of the estate, by any person, for any purpose, will make such person or persons liable to prosecution for trespass.

Persons who have bought or leased lands of this estate have deeds, contracts, or leases. The description of each tract is given in the books in which they were, and the contracts and leases have on them drafts which show their location. All claims to rights or privileges on lands of this estate, unaccompanied by such evidence, are without foundation, and will not be recognized.

ROBT. C. SIMPSON,
(v15-n18 12 t.) Agent of the Trustees.

Cancers Cured.

At Crane's Cancer Infirmary, Addison, New York.

HUNDREDS OF PERSONS cured of this much dreaded disease, who came from various parts of the world, are now living witnesses of their wonderful skill in rescuing them from a terrible and untimely death. Ministers and the poor treated free. Write for a circular giving the full particulars. Address DR. GEORGE CRANE, Addison, N. Y.—8-37

MISCELLANEOUS.

LEGAL BLANKS!

All the Blanks named below are kept in stock at the MINER Office, Smethport, Pa. Orders by mail or telegraph promptly filled. Any kind of blank not noted in this list will be printed on short notice at the same price of those kept in stock.

Amicable Actions.
Amicable Scire Facias,
Amicable Sci. Fa.,
Amicable Mortgage,
Affidavit and Recognizance for Appeal,
Attorney's Confession on Judg't Note,
Affidavit and Attachment for Board,
Attachments,
Assessors' Receipts,
Bond of Indemnity to Constable,
Bond—Liquor,
Bond—Judgment,
Bond—Guardian,
Bond of Def't in Att'chm't,
Bond for stay of exec'n,
Blank motion,
Commissions,
Constable's sale,
Collector's Sale,
Contract—Land,
Contract—Teachers,
Charters of Incorporation, with appl.,
Certificate—Letter of Instruction,
Deed—Warranty,
Deed—Pl. Fa.
Deed—Quit Claim,
Declaration Common Counts (8 kinds,)
Exemption,
Election Notice,
Foreign Attachment,
Leasehold Mortgages,
Lease—Oil (3 kinds,)
Lease—Land,
Mechanic's Lien,
Marriage Certificate,
Mech—Judgment,
Notice of Protest,
Note, with copy of account,
Oath & bond for adm'st (writ)
Petition for License,
Precipe,
Precipe for Summons,
Precipe & Sta'ts for Jugt.
Precipe for Sci. Fa.
Precipe for Execution,
Precipe for Summons in Ass'p't
Plaintiff's Statement and Notice,
Plaintiff's Bond in Replevin,
Poor Orders,
Promissory,
Record of Judgments and Liens,
Road Orders,
Summons,
Subpœnas,
Sixty Folios to Revise Judgment,
Sheriff's Bill of Sale,
Statement for Judgment on Notes,
School Orders,
Transcript—Commonwealth,
Transcript—Civil,
Warrants.

Alfred Sturdevant

has removed his BARBER SHOP to the rear of ARMSTRONG'S DRUGSTORE, where he is prepared to do

Shaving & Hair-Dressing

in the highest style of the art.

A supply of COLLARS, CUFFS, and toilet goods constantly on hand.

L. M. RAUB,
Surgeon Dentist,
Bolivar, Al. Co. N. Y.

TEETH EXTRACTED comparatively WITHOUT PAIN.

By the use of Dr. Von Bonhorst's Anæsthetic.

Twenty years of continued and successful practice warrants me in promising full satisfaction.

Parties wishing dental services at their homes can be accommodated promptly by dropping me a postal card.

Will be at Smethport July 22d and 23d.

GIES & Co.
LITHOGRAPHERS
ENGRAVERS AND PRINTERS.

LETTER HEADS, BILL HEADS, BUSINESS CARDS, CERTIFICATES OF STOCK, INVITATIONS, WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS, CHECKS AND DRAFTS.

Buffalo, N. Y
305 & 307 Washington Street.

J. C. HAMLIN,
DEALER IN
HARDWARE
Stoves,
Ranges,

Shelf Furniture, Tinware
CUTLERY,
AGRICULTURAL TOOLS, PAINTS,
OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

And every article usually found in a first class Hardware establishment.

JOB WORK of all kinds done on short notice and at reasonable rates.

SMETHPORT, Pa. cor. Main & Church.

WM. P. NORTHRUP, & CO.

RELIEF-LINE
ENGRAVERS
AND
ELECTROTYPERS,

Positively Highest Character Established Merit.

No. 13 Swan Street, Lewis Block,
BUFFALO, N.Y.

Jas. N. Matthews } Of the late firm of Matthews
Wm. P. Northrup } Northrup & Co.

BINGHAM ESTATE.

ROBT. H. ROSS

Is authorized to receive moneys for the sale of applications to buy lands. He will give information generally. Is my business of this Estate, in McKean County. His office is over

HASKILL & GIFFORD'S STORE.

ROBT. C. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees.

WELLSBORO, Dec. 24, 1878. 1

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE
WILCOX & WHITE
ORGAN CO.
Meriden, Conn. U.S.A.

"Children's Blow Pedals," Adjusted or removed instantly. Invented and Exclusively used by this Company.

The most popular Organs of the day!

UNRIVALLED IN QUALITY.

"The Wilcox & White Organ Instructor" is the BEST and CHEAPEST in the market!

Send For Illustrated Catalogue.

VIGORENE
THE GREAT POSITIVE CURE
for all DISEASES arising from a deranged condition of the BLOOD, LIVER, NERVES, or DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

The Best Family Medicine on Earth.

$100 IN GOLD
Will be paid to any person who can prove that VIGORENE will not relieve or cure, providing the bones or organs are not entirely beyond point of repair.

VIGORENE
Is entirely vegetable, and contains no Alcohol, Liquor, Bitters or Poison. It is a combination of the Purest Curative, Alterative, Diuretic and Sudorific.

It is prepared solely upon the digestive organs, whether used by drinkers or confirmed invalids from any cause. It is a certain, Quick panacea of constipation and prostration. It invigorates, tones, cleanses, and gives tension to the tissues of the stomach and bowels, thereby giving the vital principle a healthy action, and gently arousing the whole system into a healthy condition.

THE ONLY TRUE REMEDY FOR COLDS.

It is useless to argument upon the virtues of this GREAT REMEDY. If you are suffering from SCIATICA, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, DYSPEPSIA, SICK HEAD-ACHE, CONSTIPATION, DIPSEY or KIDNEY DISEASE, or any disorder arising from IMPURE BLOOD, get a bottle of VIGORENE. It is for sale by druggists, comes in English, German, Spanish and French. One bottle will better convince you or its merits than volumes expressed in print.

A trial of one bottle insures its adoption in every family, for as soon as it is known, it is used. Those who have used it, know its virtues, then your friends, then your whole circle, thus making it the leading disease and constitution healer as a permanent household remedy.

For up to date testimonials, and to procure it, address

Walker & Badger Mfg. Co., Prop'rs,
66 John Street, New York.

VIGORENE
For sale by A. B. Armstrong who is authorized to guarantee VIGORENE to prove as represented.

Buffalo Warren Roofing Co.
(Successors to J. J. Gaines & Co.)
Manufacturers of and Wholesale dealers in
Roofing Materials, Black Varnish, &c.
WARREN ROOFING.

Orders for above and for "Warren's Improved Asphaltum Roofs," also repairing old gravel roofs promptly and satisfactorily executed.

OFFICE 203 MAIN ST.—2D DOOR ON BALCONY.
W. F. LATHROP STANLEY B. COWING
15-39 yl

IMPORTANT.

The Meriden Purchasing Co.,
West Meriden, Conn.,

Have issued a most valuable Catalogue for household reference, containing the NET CASH PRICES at which they will sell any of the productions of the

Celebrated Factories of Meriden,

Consisting of every conceivable pattern of Plain and Ornamental Silver Plated and Cut Glassware, lamps, chandeliers and bronzes, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Shears, Scissors and Razors.

The Unrivaled Wilcox & White Organs, the well-known Parker Guns, and Novelties and Specialties of many Descriptions.

Persons desiring Standard Articles of Unquestionable Merit, for weddings, presents, Ornaments or Use, at MERIDEN PRICES, can procure Catalogue free of charge at the office of this paper, or from

The Meriden Purchasing CO.,
West Meriden, Conn.
v16-46 12.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY!
GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE

TRADE MARK. TRADE MARK.

Before Taking. After Taking.

commended as an UNFAILING cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, and all diseases that follow as a consequence of Self-Abuse; as *Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Diseases of Vision, Premature Old Age,* and many other diseases that lead to Insanity, Consumption and a Premature Grave, all of which is a fact we are free caused by deviation from the path of nature and over indulgence. The Specific Medicine is the result of a life study and many years of experience in treating these special diseases.

Full particulars in our pamphlets, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.

The Specific Medicine is sold by all Druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent by mail on receipt of the money by addressing THE GRAY MEDICINE CO.,
No. 10 Mechanics' Block, Detroit, Mich.
Harris & Ewing, wholesale dealers, Pittsburg.
Sold in Smethport by all Druggists and by all dealers everywhere 15 42-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

M. A. SPRAGUE,
—DEALER IN—
HARDWARE
STOVES, PAINTS, OILS, &c.

THE FOLLOWING LIST COMPRISES SOME OF THE MANY ARTICLES CONSTANTLY ON HAND:

Adzes, Axes, Augers, Auger Bits, Awls, Axle Clips, Axle Grease, Apple-Parers, Barndoor Hinges, Barndoor Rails, Barndoor Rollers, Base Knobs, Bath Brick, Bed Cords, Bed Pounders, Bells, Bench Hooks, Bench Screws, Bevels, Bits, Blacking, Blind Butts, Blind Staples, Bolts of all kinds, Bootjacks, Borax, Boring Machines, Brushes, Buckets, Bull Rings, Butts of all kinds, Candlesticks, Cake Turners, Calipers, Caps, Percussion, Carpet Stretchers, Carriages, Castors, Catches,

Cattle Leaders, Chains of all kinds, Chalk Lines, Chalk, Crayons, Chisels of all kinds, Clamps, Cleavers, Clothes Lines, Clothes Wringers, Coal Hods, Coffee Mills, Corn Cutters, Corn Poppers, Crowbars, Carryoombs, Curtain Pins, Cutlery, Dippers, Dividers, Dog Collars, Draw Shaves, Egg Beaters, Expansive Bits, Faucets, Fellow Plates, Files, Fluting Machines, Forks of all kinds, Freezers, Fry Pans, Gate Hinges, Gauges, Gimlets, Glazier's Point, Glue, Glue Pots, Grain Sickles, Gridirons, Gunpowder,

Grindstones, Gun Nippers, Hammers, Hand Vises, Handles of all kinds, Hasps and Staples, Hatchets, Hay Knives, Hinges of all kinds, Hoes, Hooks of all kinds, Horse Pokes, Horse Rakes, Horse Hoes, Iron of all kinds—Rod, Pinking, Wattle and Tuyere, Kettles, Keys, Knives, Lamps, Lanterns, Levels, Locks, Mallets, Match Safes, Measuring Tapes, Meat Cutters, Molasses Gates, Mop Sticks, Moose Traps, Mowing Machines, Nails, Oils, Oilers, Oil Stones, Picks, Picture Nails, Planes, Pulleys,

Pumps, Plows, Rakes, Rasps, Rivets, Rope, Rules, Safety Fuse, Sandpaper, Saucepans, Saws of all kinds, Scissors, Scoops—Coal and Grain, Screwdrivers, Screws, Scythes, Sheep Shears, Shot, Shovels, Sieves, Spades, Spoons, Squares, Stoves, Tacks, Tea Kettles, Tobacco Boxes, Tee Calks, Tongs, Trowels, Tinware of all kinds, Vises, Varnish, Wad Cutters, Washers, Whiffletree Hooks, White Lead, Wrenches, Monkey, Wheelbarrows, etc.

Main St. - Smethport, Pa.

Professional Cards.

Attorneys.

BYRON D. HAMLIN. DELANO S. HAMLIN.

HAMLIN & SON,

LAW AND LAND OFFICE

Smethport, Pa.

Advise as Counsel. Try causes in the Courts. Investigate Land Titles and Oil Leases. Collect Claims. Do Conveyancing by Deeds, Contracts and Leases with care and dispatch.

Notary Public in their Office.

General Agency of the Keating Lands.

STERRETT, BROWN, and ROSE,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS.

OFFICES AT { Smethport, Bradford and Eldred

DAVID STERRETT, WM. WALLACE BROWN, ROBT. H. ROSE.

BACKUS & GORTON,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

Smethport, Pa.

Office:—Sartwell Block, Main Street.

J. C. BACKUS. SHERIDAN GORTON.

W. J. MILLIKEN,

ATTORNEY and COUNSELLOR at LAW

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Kendall Creek, Penn'a.

P FORD,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Office: Miner Block, Church Street.

Smethport, Pa.

S. W. SMITH,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

(DISTRICT ATTORNEY.)

Port Allegany, Pa.

J. C. JOHNSON. W. I. LEWIS.

JOHNSON & LEWIS,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

OFFICES AT { Duke Centre, Pa., Rixford, Pa.

G. A. BERRY,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC, U. S. COMMISSIONER.

Office: Exchange Building, Main St.

Bradford, McKean Co. Pa.

O. A. HOTCHKISS,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Main St. over Parker & Melvin.

Bradford, Pa.

R B. STONE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Office with Esq. Bruder, over Pemberton's.

Bradford, Pa.

EUGENE MULLIN,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Main St. Bradford, Pa.

H. J. MUSE,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

BROWNSPORT, PA.

A. A. CRAIG,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

AND JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

Kendall Creek, Pa.

E. R. MAYO,

Attorney at Law & Real Estate Agent,

Eldred, McKean Co. Pa.

(Allegany Bridge P. O.)

Practices in the Courts of McKean, Potter and Warren Counties.

J. C. STURGEON. GEO. A. STURGEON.

J. C. STURGEON & BRO.,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

ROOM No. 10 } OIL EXCHANGE,

BRADFORD, PA.

Physicians.

S. D. FREEMAN,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Smethport, Pa.

H. L. McCOY,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office at residence, cor. Main and Byron streets.

Smethport, Pa.

E. G. BROWN,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,

Office and rooms over the Post Office.

Smethport, Pa.

D. V. CROSSMIRE,

Resident Physician P. & E. R. R.

4 Fraley St.

Kane, Pa.

F. W. HOGARTH,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Port Allegany, Pa.

Rice in his store.

LEWIS BALFOUR,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,

Eldred, Pa.

Business Cards.

A. C. SCOTT,

Broker and Dealer

IN

OIL LANDS.

ALSO

DOES SURVEYING AND MAPPING.

Office, No. 7 Schoolcraft Block, cor. Main and Congress streets, BRADFORD, Pa. v16-n17

C. K. CRAWFORD,

Allegany, Bridge, Pa.,

Copying and Conveyancing,

LEGAL WRITING OF ALL KINDS,

Promptly and neatly executed.

OFFICE WITH ESQUIRE MOSES.

Business Cards.

Hotels.

WARM. DAVIS. GUST. BACHMANN.

ALLEGANY BRIDGE HOTEL.

DAVIS & BACHMANN, - Proprietors.

Meals at All Hours of the Day.

Eldred, McKean County, Penn.

P. O. Box 118. v16-n17

WM. PENN HOUSE,

Eldred, Penna.

Full supply of Fresh Ales, Wines and Liquors. Also Fine Cigars.

v16-n17

DENNIS HOUSE,

L. L. DENNIS, Prop'r.

Eldred, Penn'a, near Lattice Bridge.

First-class Accommodations for

Commercial Travelers.

Pleasant Rooms, Good Table. Reasonable Rates.

GOOD STABLING. v16-n17

W. E. Moses & Newberg,

EATING HOUSE,

West end of Allegany Bridge.

ELDRED, PENN'A.

Full supply of Fresh Ales, Wines and Cigars.

Warm Meals at All Hours. Ice Cream in its season. v16-n17.

BENNETT HOUSE.

OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE

SMETHPORT, PA.

A. HAMAR, Prop'r.

This Hotel is the most centrally located one in the borough, being directly opposite the Court House, and in the center of business. It has been recently enlarged, remodeled and refurnished, and is by far the best arranged and best furnished Hotel in Northern Pennsylvania.

☞ Guests are guaranteed satisfaction.

WRIGHT HOUSE.

MAIN ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

B. F. WRIGHT, Poprietor.

First Class in every Respect.

This Hotel is recently built, and is furnished with all the conveniences of a first-class Hotel. A well stocked and well kept Bar connected with the house. Rates reasonable.

BENTON HOUSE.

Larrabees, Pa.

C. H. MOORE - - - Prop'r.

Located directly opposite the M. K. & B. and B. N. Y. & P. R'R depots. The house has been recently rebuilt and newly furnished throughout, and is now a first class house.

SARTWELL HOUSE,

Port Allegany, Pa.

S. C. SARTWELL, - PROPRIETOR.

The above House has been recently Rebuilt, Refurnished and Refitted in the Latest Style for the convenience of Guests.

OLEAN HOUSE.

OLEAN, N. Y.

Geo. VanCampen & Sons, Proprietors.

Centrally located, East side Main Street. First class Livery, Barber Shop and Bath Rooms attached.

GEO. VAN CAMPEN. JAS E. VAN CAMPEN GEO. VAN CAMPEN, Jr.

BONNEY'S HOTEL.

Refitted and Furnished.

ONLY 5 MINUTES WALK TO POST OFFICE AND R. R. DEPOTS.

BONNEY & WARREN, - Proprietors.

Corner of Washington & Carroll Streets,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

D. BONNEY, formerly of U.S. Hotel.

GEO. W. WARREN

BRADFORD HOUSE,

380 *Exchange, Cor. Louisiana St.,*

Opposite the B. N. Y. & P. R. R. Depot,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

ED. SEIL, - - - Proprietor.

Broezel's Hotel,

cor. Seneca and Wells Streets,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

First Classin every respect.

John Boezel - Prop'r.

NICHOL'S HOUSE.

HORNELLSVILLE, N. Y.

F. S. NICHOL'S : : : Proprietor.

This House is new, and is located on MAIN ST., away from the noise of the cars.

FREE 'BUS TO AND FROM ALL TRAINS.

Fillmore House,

Cor. Michigan and Carrol Streets,

Buffalo, N. Y

Rates reduced to $1.00 per day; single meal, 25 cents.

This house has been recently refurnished in the most modern style. It is centrally located, and within one block of the Erie, N. Y. Central, and Lake Shore depots, and is the most convenient hotel from all parts of the city continually.

R. SULLY - - Prop'r.

BRUNSWICK HOUSE.

OLEAN, N. Y.

[Opposite Union Depot.]

F. N. ARNE, : : : : : Proprietor.

This House is new, and is elegantly furnished throughout, and is the most centrally located Hotel in Olean.

H. F. BARBOUR,

Steam Book and Job Printer,

Miner Block, opp. the Public Square.

Smethport, Pa.

THE MINER JOB DEPARTMENT is supplied with a new Campbell Power Press and an Imperial Quarto Jobber, both of which are run by Steam Power. The office is supplied with the latest styles of Job and Fancy type, to which constant additions are made. It is the best equipped Job Office in Northern Pennsylvania. We have especial facilities for doing Druggist Label Printing, Legal Blank and Pamphlet work, and will not "take a back seat" for any city house, as to prices or quality of work.

SELECT POETRY.

By the Sea.

My blue-eyed pet with golden hair
Is sitting on my knee,
And gazes eagerly afar
Across the beach, beyond the bar,
Where rolls the restless sea.

She puts her little hand in mine,
And laughs with childish glee,
To see the foaming billows splash,
As on the shore they fiercely dash,
Then glide back silently.

But while she laughs so merrily,
My heart is far away;
And, as I look upon the shore,
Where loud and long the breakers roar,
My sad soul seems to say:

"The sea is like a human life:
It breaks upon the shore
Of Time, with a resistless might,
And, when the goal is just in sight,
Dies—to return no more.

"And all along the shore of Time,
Full many a wreck doth lie;
The pangs of many a mad carouse,
Of blasted hopes and broken vows,
Of happy days gone by."

Yet, while I muse in mournful mood,
And gaze upon the sea,
My blue-eyed pet with golden hair,
Whose heart has never known a care,
Still sits upon my knee.

Her head is resting on my breast—
Her eyes in slumber deep;
The same rough sea whose breakers roar,
And madly, fiercely lash the shore,
Has lulled my child to sleep.

—*T. H. Chrystal in Norristown Herald.*

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE LOST BABY.

A STORY OF THE FRONTIER.

The name of our little one was Marguerite, but we called her little Pearl. Philip and I. She was our first baby the daintiest, dearest little thing that ever you set eyes on; cheeks like half-blown rosebuds, hair like rings of sunshine, and eyes as blue as the depths of a June sky. Darling little Pearl, how we loved her. We had been married just a year and a half when Philip caught the Western fever.

I loved my husband with an intensity bordering on idolatry, but when he told me of his intention to leave our beautiful cottage and seek his fortune in the far west, it was a terrible blow to me. We had lived at Rosedale ever since our marriage, and I could see no reason why we could not continue to live there. Truly, the place belonged to my uncle, but then it would be ours at his death, and why should Philip fret and chafe so under a foolish sense of dependence? We had everything, elegant rooms, flowers, birds, pleasure grounds, and servants enough to keep our hands from anything like labor, and uncle gave it ungrudgingly; still my husband was not content.

"I can't live this life, Belle," he said; "I wasn't made for it. My work awaits me somewhere in the world, and I must hunt it up. My little ones won't respect their father by and by if he is nothing more than a drone in the hive of life."

I was vexed and angry at first, and said a great many things that were unwise and unwomanly, but Philip pursued the even tenor of his way, all patience and forbearance. Our preparations were soon made, the few things we had most precious we packed up, and bidding adieu to our sunny southern home, we started westward.

The excitement of the journey together with my husband's constant tenderness and encouragement, reconciled me, in a measure, to the change of life; and when we had reached our little western cottage my impulsive nature, always rushing to one extreme or the other, carried me into an ecstacy of delight and anticipations, even beyond anything my steadfast husband had exhibited. He seemed greatly relieved to see me growing so thoroughly contented, and we began our new life very bravely.

The cottage was comfortable enough, but bare and humble in comparison to what we had hitherto been accustomed; the square, whitewashed rooms had a dreadfully forlorn look, and the little kitchen, with its one staring window, and the cooking stove standing in the middle of the floor, filled me with shuddering disgust every time I entered it. But I had made up my mind to endure all and everything, and, as I have said, we began our life very bravely.

For the first two or three months I had help, not very efficient help truly, but better than none. Philip entered at once upon the practice of law, and as his office was some distance from home, he did not return until evening, so we had no great amount of cooking to do, and between us we managed to keep the cottage tidy, and to take care of little Pearl.

Every afternoon we went to meet him, taking little Pearl through the grand and gorgeous prairies, and as often as his happy eyes caught sight of us we would hasten forward with fond embraces and approving words.

"Ah, Belle," he said, "I believe I am the happiest man in the universe, and you are growing contented, too, dear—can see it in your bright face."

The glory of autumn faded, and the chill November rains set in, bringing dreary, aimless days, and changing the gorgeous prairie bloom into endless leagues of sodden gray. My girl left me and little Pearl grew cross and fretful in her teething. In addition to his business, Philip had gone into farming, and we had two or three laborers to lodge, which greatly increased the housework. Under this accumulation of trials my patience began to give way. I worked late and early, but I grew morose and fretful and *never* had a pleasant word for my husband. But he never complained.

"Poor Belle," he would say, "poor, overworked little wife, be as brave as you can; better days will come by and by. Just as soon as I get off from my business I'll go to the city and obtain permanent help. In the meantime don't fret the roses from your cheeks and the brightness from your eyes."

But despite my husband's loving words and constant help, for he took one-half the household labor on his own hands, I continued to murmur at his fate and one morning the crisis came.

Breakfast was unusually late, little Pearl cross to absolute fretfulness, and the sick laborer up stairs in need of constant attention, Philip obliged to leave early, and, after coaxing and hushing Pearl to sleep I laid her in her dainty little crib, and went about my morning's work.

I felt wronged and injured, and while I worked away, dusting off the soot and ashes, and scrubbing up the mud, the hot tears fell so fast as almost to blind me. My husband was cruel, heartless I thought, to take me from a home where all was beauty and pleasure and bring me to that dreadful place to wear my life out in hateful drudgery. I would sooner be in my grave than to live on so from year to year.

In the midst of this despair I heard the sick man calling from above, and hurried to him. His fever was rising again; he needed cooling draughts and ice clothes to his head. I went to work to prepare them with nervous haste, for the morning was slipping by, and the noon meal must be in readiness for the farming hands. In the midst of my work and hurry, little Pearl's sharp imperative cry came piping from below. What should I do? I had just spent over half an hour lulling her to sleep, and here she was on my hands again.

"I won't go down," I cried in real anger, "She may cry her cry out—Oh, dear, I wish I had no baby!"

But the instant the unwomanly wish had passed my lips, I repented of having uttered it. No baby, no little Pearl! The bare thought filled me with shuddering terror. Hurriedly administering the sick man's portion, I hastened down eager to compensate for my unmotherly words by fond caresses.

There stood the little cradle in its accustomed corner, the dainty lace coverlid thrown back, the pillow still damp and warm from the impress of the curly head, but Pearl was gone!

For an instant I stood dumb—breathless, then, in frantic foolishness, I searched the rooms, the yard, calling upon the child's name *as if she could hear and answer me.* And then, at last, a happy thought broke like sunlight upon me. My husband had been home and stolen away the child to tease me. I set about preparing dinner, looking every moment to see him come in. In a little while the noon bell rang, bringing the laborers from the clearing. I hurried out to meet them.

"Where is Mr. Weston?" I questioned with my heart in my mouth.

"Haven't seen him, ma'am, since morning."

"Not seen him? You surely have; he's got my baby."

But the men shook their heads, and catching up my shawl I hurried off in the direction of his office.

Half a mile from the cottage I met him on his way home.

"Why, Belle," he cried, catching my arm and looking down in consternation at my draggled garments and muddy feet, "where are you going? What is the matter?"

"O, Philip, the baby, little Pearl, what have you done with her?"

"Done with little Pearl? Are you going mad, Belle? Tell me what you mean?"

"She's gone—little Pearl's gone, I came down stairs and found her cradle empty, and I was sure you had her."

He stood silent for a moment, his face growing as white and stern as death; then he said, solemnly:

"No, Belle, I haven't seen the child. I haven't been home since morning."

He started on before me, with long, rapid strides, into the cottage, and up to the little cradle standing in the corner, as if to satisfy his own eyes. Then he turned back to the yard, and began to examine the tracks in the mud around the doorway. The farm hands were examining them also.

"Maccasin tracks, boss," said one old man, significantly, pointing to an indenture in the yielding soil. "Injuns, I guess."

My husband's face grew a shade whiter.

"Yes," he responded, "that's it; come, my lads, we haven't a moment to lose."

He started off, followed by the laborers, but a few rods from the house he turned back.

"Poor Belle," he said, putting his arms around me, "this is terrible for you, but you must be strong and hope for the best. The Indians have passed here, and it was they, no doubt, who stole the child. We must try to intercept them before they cross the river; we may not be back to-night; you had better go over to Mr. Dalaven's and stay until we return."

But I did not go. I went into the lonely cottage and fell on my knees beside the empty little crib. God had given my wish; I had no baby. Ah, me, the self-torture, the bitterness of those long, long hours can never be described.

Morning dawned at last, lurid and misty, a red sun struggling up through ragged billows of gray fog. About 10 o'clock my husband and his party returned; weary, haggard, and hopeless. They had followed the Indians all night, but when at last they came up with them, far beyond the river, they could gain no tidings of the child. And all our after efforts were equally unsuccessful. We offered rewards, and instituted every means of inquiry, but in vain, Little Pearl was gone! I had no baby!

There was ample time for leisure now; no peevish cries, no little baby wants to occupy me. But I, who had hated labor, flew to it now as my sole refuge and comfort. The only ease I found was in constant action. My husband worked too, but his life seemed to have lost its impelling force, its happiest inspiration.

Years went by, and, not content with my simple household duties, I took charge of a neighboring school—later I aided my husband in his office. My mind expanded, my ideas enlarged, I was no longer an indolent, helpless repiner, but a strong, self-reliant laboring woman, a true helpmate for my husband. Success crowned our united efforts, wealth flowed in upon us, my husband was elected Judge, and spoken of for congress—but we were childless, for no more babies came.

Ten years after our removal to the west, we received intelligence of our uncles death; and, being his only heirs, we went down at once to attend to the settlement of his estate. Returning homeward, we made a tour of Niagara and the principal northern cities.

One September night found us in New York, and at the opera. The house was unusually gay, the music divine, but through all the glamour and perfume of gorgeous toilets, amid the wailing of the music, and the triumphant strains of the singers, I sat unconscious, almost indifferent, the old yearning in my heart roused up to strange and sudden intensity. Only one thought possessed me, and that was my lost baby, little Pearl. I seemed to be living over that terrible morning and long, long night again, and my soul cried out for my child with a longing that would not be silenced. Yet in the gay house and exquisite music there was nothing suggestive of her short sweet little life; why, then, did it seem so near to me? What was it that thrilled me so?

The opera over, we started for our hotel. At one of the crossings the carriage made a sudden halt.

"Nothing but a strap broke loose; all right in a moment, sir," said the driver, in answer to my husband's inquiry.

I leaned out while he was arranging it, looking over the silent city, and up into the solemn summer night. The sky was blue and cloudless, the stars mellow and misty, and a full moon like a golden jewel in the far west. My eyes filled with tears, and an expressible yearning filled my soul.

"Where is my baby—where is little Pearl to-night?" I murmured.

"Please, madam, just one penny."

The slender, childish voice, mellow and sweet as the notes of a bird, startled me out of my revery, and, looking down, I saw a tiny figure and an appealing baby face below in the misty moonlight.

"Please, madam, I never begged before, but grandmarm is so sick, and she's eat nothing since yesterday."

Just then the driver sprang to his box and the carriage whirled off again, leaving the little thing far behind, but I caught at my husband's arm in breathless eagerness.

"Philip," I entreated, "stop the carriage. I must see that child."

He glanced back hesitatingly, and there the little thing stood in the moonlight, just as we had left her.

"I must, Philip," I repeated; "do not deny me."

And my husband bade the driver turn back, which he did with a muttered imprecation.

"Now, my little girl," I said, leaning out and extending my arm, "come here and tell me how I can help you."

"Grandmarm is sick," she replied, coming close up to the wheels and raising her soft blue eyes to my face "and so hungry, and I never begged before, madam!"

"And where does your grandma live, dear?"

"Right down the street, in that row of tenements."

"Take her up, Philip; we must look into the case."

My husband oyeyed, and the driver, being promised double pay, turned down towards the tenements. I seated the little girl beside me, and took her little brown hand in mine. The bare touch of her slender fingers made the very blood in my heart thrill, and I wanted to clasp her in my arms and cover her poor, wan face with kisses, with a longing that was absolute pain.

"How pretty she is," I said, smoothing back her tangled golden hair that shaded her white forehead and sweet blue eyes.

"She looks like a frightened bird," said my husband, smiling; "what will you do with her, Belle?"

"Keep her forever, if I can," I replied, with a feeling of intense happiness at my heart.

Just then we reached the tenements.

"That's grandmarm's room," said the child pointing upward to a window in which a dim light was burning.

We left the carriage and followed her up a long flight of stairs, and into the bare, humble room. On the rude couch lay an old woman, her strong worn face wearing that pallor which never knew a change.

"Grandmarm," cried the child, running to the bedside, "here's a good, nice lady come, and she'll give you some tea, and you'll get well now."

The old woman turned her head, her eager eyes fastening themselves upon us.

"Thank God," she murmured. "I thought I should die and leave her alone."

What can we do for you, madam?" I asked, bending over her.

"Nothing for me, I'm past help; it's the child I want looked after,"

"Yes, but you must have nourishment—Philip, go out for some tea, and we'll have a fire at once."

"Woman," she said, solemnly, "listen to me. I am dying—in a few hours I shall be in the other world—I could drink a drop of wine, but nothing else."

My husband procured it in a few moments, and after drinking it she seemed somewhat revived.

"Now," she said, "while I'm strong enough, let me speak about the child—when I'm gone she won't have a friend on earth—you look like a rich woman would you—"

"I'll take her and be a mother to her," I interrupted, eagerly.

"Come round here and let me see your face."

I obeyed, bending down to the dying eyes that searched my face so keenly.—After a moment she drew a deep breath.

"Yes," she said, "I can trust you; your face is good and honest—God has sent you—come here, little Rose—this is your new mother; you must love her and be a good girl when I'm gone."

I held out my arms, and the little thing nestled close to my bosom, looking up into my face with wondering eyes.

"I will be good to her," I said; "as God hears me, I will."

"I believe you, and now I can die in peace. I should a' been dead long ago, but for leavin' the child—that kept me back. She ain't a frien' in the world, and she's no flesh and blood o' mine.—Ten years ago, my old man was alive then, and runnin' a flat-boat on a western river. He fell in with a party of Injuns. They had a white baby with 'em, the prettiest, daintiest little thing I ever set eyes on. I had jest lost my own baby, and I couldn't bear to see them carry the poor little thing away so I persuaded my old man to buy it. They were glad enough to sell it, so I took the child and raised her as my own. I meant to hunt up her folks, and I meaned it after my own baby. I had a great likin' for the little creature. I couldn't bear to give her up—but I was sorry enough after my old man died, and we come to want.—But I have kept the clothes she had on, and maybe, madam, you may hear of her people some day."

"Let us see the clothes," gasped my husband, his face as white as death.

"Look in the box and get them, Rose."

The child obeyed, bringing a small bundle, carefully wrapped up. I unfolded it with trembling hands, and then as my eyes fell upon the embroidered frock, the little crimson sack, and the dainty blue shoes, my own baby's clothes, for the first time in my life I dropped down in a dead faint.

When consciousness returned I found my husband bending over me with a radiant face, and little Rose, my own little Pearl, closely clasped in his arms.—"Found at last, Belle!" he murmured, tremulously; God be thanked, we are not childless!"

The Pine Creek Railroad.

From the Williamsport Banner.

The extension of the Reading Railroad westward from Williamsport to the lakes is now only a question of time. Mr. Gowen's master-stroke in securing the control of the Bound Brook and North Penn. railroads gives him a route of his own between New York and Philadelphia, and makes the Reading Railroad one of the great trunk lines of the country, with termini at tide-water, both at New York and Philadelphia. It is morally certain, therefore, that Mr. Gowen's well-known determination to make the Reading Railroad one of the greatest lines in the Union will not stop short of the completion of the small piece of railroad between Williamsport and Port Allegany that will make his line a through route from the great lakes to the sea, and give him an immense through traffic both in freight and passengers, as well as place his road in competition as a through route from the West to the seaboard ports with the Pennsylvania, the Baltimore and Ohio, the Erie, and the New York Central. The Reading Railroad thus completed would be a favorite route for passenger travel, owing to the rare beauty of the country through which it passes, and it would prove immensely profitable, for it would open up for the coal and iron company a Western market for its products from which it has heretofore been excluded. Williamsport has much to gain from the westward extension of the Reading Railroad, and we trust that the business men of Lycoming, Clinton, Potter, and McKean counties will move in concert to aid in the immediate completion of the Jersey Shore, Pine Creek and Buffalo Railroad, and the lease or purchase of that line by the Reading Railroad. Buffalo, too, is interested in the matter, for the advent of the Reading Railroad into Buffalo means cheap anthracite coal, an extension of Buffalo's trade into regions from which she is now excluded, and another competing outlet eastward for the grain and other products which are shipped from the Queen City of the Lakes. Let there be a union of effort by all interested, and the road can be built at once.

Upson of Texas.

Special to Chicago Times.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Immediately after the reading of the journal this morning Mr. Upson, successor of the late Mr. Schleicher, of Texas, presented himself at the bar of the House to be sworn in. He is a fine-looking man of large stature and prepossessing in personal appearance. He has a very full face with black moustache and beard. His manner is very self-possessed. With uplifted hand he watched Randall closely as he read from the manual the prescribed oath. The Speaker began reading the iron-clad oath, but when he reached the point where reference is made of bearing arms against the Government Upson dropped his hand in a twinkling, shook his head at Randall and said, loud enough to be heard throughout the hall, "not that one." Randall then turned back to the modified oath, when Upson again lifted his hand and kept it aloft until the oath was finished, when he dropped it and nodded his head. He then retired to the cloak-rooms, where he was received with the greatest enthusiasm by his Democratic associates. They displayed more warmth than did Mr. Upson. He took all of their congratulations and hand-shakings very cooly. One Democrat said, "Upson, old fellow, I am glad you are here. What made you so long in coming?" He did not say much to this. Another Democrat said: "Upson, we are glad you are here. We need your vote to stiffen us up. It is another joint in our Democratic backbone." This was thrown out as a feeler, and met with the following response: "Hell, there is no trouble about you fellows' backbone. You have got too much backbone. You have is a little more brains." This very vigorous remark from Mr. Upson had a decided effect in dampening the enthusiasm of his reception, particularly as in continuing the conversation he declared that he would vote for the regular appropriation bills just as soon as he could have a chance. He said that he was the freshest of them all from the people and that no other policy would be, at least, pursue.

How he Brought her Back.

The pearly beloved wife of a Frenchman recently deserted him for another man. Did he follow her, and, falling on his knees, beseech her, for their children's sake to return? Did he take down the old double-barrel, shoot his wife and her lover and knock himself on the head with the stock? Did he set himself up for a misanthrope or woman hater, or institute a suit against some one for ever so many ciphers damages? Not much. He merely caused it to be published that he had drawn $50,000 in a lottery, and his wife was back next morning before breakfast.

THE *Pittsburg Post* learns that there is much complaint about the exhaustion of the appropriation for the expenses of the United States courts in this district, and because of the scarcity of funds the jurors have been discharged, and there will be no session of the court at Williamsport or Erie. It is stated further, on the authority of Marshal Hall, that about $40,000 is required to run the courts in the district, and the amount short is about $18,000. The marshal has already advanced about $1,000 of his private funds in payment of jurors. The fiscal year closes June 30th.

THE talk of the greenback papers that repudiation by the Southern States is the result of resumption is the sheerest nonsense. They have repudiated because they thought it was the cheapest way of getting rid of their debts. It is a way they have down there. Mississippi adopted the repudiation plan years ago, before there was such a thing heard of as a greenback.—*Exchange.*

MISCELLANEOUS.

HASKILL & GIFFORD

Have Just Received an Elegant Line of

SPRING GOODS

Which they are Offering at

VERY LOW PRICES!

Their New Stock Embraces an Unusually Fine Line of

Men & Boys' Clothing

AND

Prints & Dress Goods

That cannot fail to please. Also a large assortment of

MUSLINS & SHEETINGS.

Their Shelves are Loaded with

UNUSUALLY FINE STOCK

And their patrons and friends are invited to

CALL AND INSPECT.

SPRING AND SUMMER STYLES!

—o|o—

W. D. GALLUP,

Is now prepared to exhibit a Large stock of

DRY GOODS AND DRESS GOODS

ALSO A FULL STOCK OF

MILLINERY & LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS.

—o|o—

The Grocery & Boot & Shoe Department is Always Complete.

Drugs, Patent Medicines,

School Books, Blank Books,

STATIONERY, FANCY GOODS,

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES,

NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY CAN BE FOUND AT THE

DRUG AND BOOK STORE

OF

A B. ARMSTRONG, SMETHPORT, PA.

AT Armstrongs Jewelry Store

may be found a full assortment of

WATCHES, CLOCKS, and JEWELRY,

Roger's Best Knives, Forks, Spoons, &c. Castors, Cake Baskets, Syrup Cups, Mugs, Pickle Dishes, Napkin Rings, and all Goods Manufactured by Rogers Bros.

—o|o—

A FULL LINE OF TOYS FOR THE "LITTLE FOLKS."

—o|o—

A FULL LINE OF PRESENTS FOR THE "BIG ONES."

—o|o—

Agent for the Howe Sewing Machine

—o|o—

Agent for WANAMAKER & BROWN'S

LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN AMERICA.

—o|o—

Call And Get Prices—Buy And Be Happy.

M. L. ARMSTRONG,

MAIN STREET, SMETHPORT, PA

Vol. XVI.

THE McKEAN MINER.

Smethport, Pa., June 12, 1879.

L. W. MASON

Has rented from SPECHT & SASSE the lower story of the

MASONIC HALL BUILDING

SMETHPORT, PA.,

and has fitted it up for a first-class

TIN & SHEET IRON WORKS,

where he is prepared to do all kinds of work in first-class order. All kinds of

REPAIRING

done with neatness and dispatch. A full line of

TIN, COPPER & SHEET IRON WARE

always on hand.

CALL AND SEE HIM.

HERE AND HEREABOUTS.

—Chew "Jackson's Best" Sweet Navy Tobacco. v16-nd-yl

—Insure your life with W. H. Mandeville, Olean, N. Y tf

—None but reliable insurance companies represented by W.H. Mandeville. tf

—J. P. Wendel has just recived a large supply of Butter Firkins.

—Four rigs were blown down on Foster Brook by the heavy gale of Tuesday.

—A new railing in the Prothonotary's office now separates the sheep from the goats.

—Three rigs and 700 barrels of oil were burned in Tram Hollow and Oil Valley Tuesday.

—The Bennett House barn is doing an immense business, and full as profitable as the house.

—When will people learn that newspapers do not publish anonymous communications?

—Demont Haskill, not "Mort," as most of our exchanges have it, is able to be about the streets.

—Our exchanges are indulging in funereal remarks upon the decline and fall of the Oil City *Derrick*.

—Dr. Dallas Whipple paid $2000 for three-quarters of an acre on the C. C. Wright farm Monday, says the *Era*.

—A. Reilly will pay cash for wool or exchange cloths of different kinds for it. He may be found at the cigar store. w1.

—We are now fully satisfied that the summer season has fairly set in. A. B. Armstrong has his soda fountain in operation.

—M. A. Sprague has put up a fine awning over the front of his store, and now it is as cool and shady as a pic-nic ground in that vicinity.

—Bergstresser has his new gallery completed, and is now ready to supply every demand in the line of photographs, and pictures of all kinds.

—Pierce will serve lunches as usual next week. He keeps everything good that the hungry crave, and his place is a model of neatness and good order. It.

—It took just about a day and a half to clean up the business at the late term of court in Potter county. Yet there is a telegraph and pipe line running through the county.

—At a meeting of the Republican committee of Tioga county last week, it was decided to hold the primary elections on Saturday next, and the convention on the 15th of September. Tioga is always early in the field.

—Our young people will sell ice cream and strawberries, during court week, between the hours of seven and ten p.m., in the Ford Block, for the purpose of raising money to furnish the Episcopal church which is to be built this summer.

—Scene: Hotel reading-room. Gentleman: "I beg your pardon, but where in h—l have I seen you before, sir?" Gentleman, looking up from paper: "I am sure I can't tell. What part of h—l are you from, sir?"—*San Francisco News Letter*.

—A pretty little maiden had a pretty little fan; she engaged in a flirtation with an ugly little man; he won her young affections which she gave to him for life, but the honeymoon was busted by the fellow's other wife.—*Keokuk Constitution*.

—Six thousand barrels of refined oil sold yesterday at 7⅝ cents per gallon. This is at the rate of $3.25 per barrel of forty-two gallons. At this price even the Standard oil company, which gets the railroad companies to do its work without pay, must lose money.—*Philadelphia Record*.

—Good butter always finds a ready market, but it is an article often difficult to find. John Wendel has made arrangements with Mrs. L. A. Gallup, one of the best butter-makers in the county, by which he has the butter made by her this season and which he will sell to those wishing it.

—Pat. Daly has erected a little hotel of his own between the stores of Brownell and Sprague, on Main street, where he will serve lunches and lemonade to all who desire them during the coming two weeks' term of court. Call at his stand and procure a good meal. His charges will be reasonable.

—John Snow has lost a horse and sends us a paper containing a marked advertisement of the lost horse. We have not got his horse and cannot imagine why he sends us the marked copy of the paper, unless with the hope that we will give him some gratuitous advertising. If so, John is mistaken.

—At a meeting of hardware dealers and manufacturers' agents, held in Bradford on Tuesday, it was unanimously decided that from that date tubing, casing, drive, steam, water and gas pipe, drilling cables and sand lines shall be sold exclusively for spot cash. This action, if adhered to, may have some effect retarding production—if anything will.

—Quite a crowd of people followed the footsteps of the Sheriff on Monday afternoon as he bid off the personal property of Capt. J. Emhout. It was a miscellaneous lot and most of it of little value, but what seemed strange to us the more worthless the article the higher was the relative price bid for it, and as a general thing it was knocked down to either the Captain's son or brother. W. S. Brownell secured a full set of Appleton's American Encyclopedia for $31, and A. H. Armstrong a $70 dollar cabinet and bookcase for $10.50. Those were no other "bargains" that we heard of.

—A two weeks term of court will commence next week Monday.

—Mr. L. B. Backer, of Boston, general superintendent and manager of the Smethport Extract Company, has been in town several days overseeing some necessary changes and repairs in the machinery, and making arrangements for the coming year's supply of bark.

—A slim waisted lady killer and heart-smasher, and bricklayer by trade, created a sensation and row at the Bennett's House yesterday, resulting somewhat to his own discomfiture. The original cause of the trouble was a bet as to ability in laying brick. As usual there was just enough whisky mixed in to make the affair interesting and amusing to the boys.

—We have observed many newspaper blunders in our day. But since the memory of man and the invention of the printing press there never have been more ridulous journalistic blunders than some of our county exchanges were guilty of in their pretended account of the Demont Haskill poisoning affair. And the Bradford Evening *Star* led all the rest. It was evidently all guesswork.

—Another most tastefully arranged bed of fragrant and rare flowers from Mrs. Fred Johnson's greenhouse now fill with a delicious perfume the humble home of the editor of this paper. We are not poetical and cannot enthuse in appropriate words on the subject, but we like to look at them and smell 'em just the same, and are just as gratified to the kind donor.

—Speaking of the remarkable oration of Col. Robert Ingersoll, over the grave of his brother, Eben C. Ingersoll, the New York *Star* says: "Its poetic phraseology, its antithetical periods, and its noncommittal prettiness of sentiment, sufficiently show that it was deliberately and carefully prepared, and it may therefore be accepted by those who do not believe in his (Ingersoll's) doctrines as the best that infidelity can do when facing the dread mystery of the tomb."

—For the benefit of those parties who each year start fires in the woods, we quote from the act of Assembly of the 31st of March, 1860, as follows: "If any person shall wilfully set on fire, or cause to be set on fire, any woods, lands or marshes within this Commonweath, so as thereby to occasion loss, damage or injury to any other persons, he or she shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, and to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding twelve months."

—Smethport, McKean county, has a species of wife-beater that hangs on until he renders his better half as raw as teeth and fingers can make human flesh.—*Harrisburg Telegraph*.

You are a villian and a liar. No such animal as above described exists, or ever did or ever will exist within the limits of the borough of Smethport. The husbands of Smethport are to a man the most faithful, devoted, loving, kind, courteous, chivalrous, gallant and gentle creatures on the face of God's great earth —not only to their own wives, but to all womankind, and, in the words of the poet, don't you forget it.

—"It seemed as if he held in his arms Music (heavenly maid) herself, and embraced and caressed her, and she responded in exquisite harmonies or sang to him in little rippling peals of melody, reciting impassioned verse in heroic measure or telling lovely tales. Now he seemed to pat her or to stroke her soothingly or clasped her in his arms or grasped her with his hands, and once or twice, we think, he tickled her; but wherever he touched her he evoked sweet sounds, whether it was under the chin, about the throat, with delicate fingers, or when he flung his arms passionately about her waist." It was a harp player who carried on in this scandalous way, out in Michigan, a player of whom the gifted critic further says, "he looks the gifted, cultured artist and gentleman he is, and he plays as if he had a soul at least seventy-five feet high."

—The project for the removal of the county seat from Smethport to Bradford seems to have fallen flat, its authors believing that it would prove an impossibility. But is it so? Titusville has obtained relief from the Legislature by having a law passed entitling it to special sessions of court within its limits. Bradford earnestly requires some such legislation. A trip to Smethport with the present traveling facilities means an aggravating waste of time, patience and money.—*Bradford Era*.

It is now proposed, on the contrary, we understand, to either move the county seat to Cole Creek or bring Bradford to Smethport, whichever our complaining neighbor over the hill prefers. With three trains direct from Bradford to Smethport and return daily we do not see as there is much reason to complain of loss of time, patience or money in travel between the two points. It would be well enough to postpone discussion of the county seat question until the next meeting of the Legislature. Some surprising changes often occur within two years.

—The N. Y., L. E. & W. R. R. Company has parties surveying both ends of the route which is to connect the Bradford Branch at the Summit, one and a half miles north of Alton. Three miles east of the Branch the Lafayette Coal Company has a large mine of excellent coal, and it is a decided point in the survey to strike this coal deposit, which is said to be superior to any mined on the branch. The new line will strike the P. & E. R. R. at Johnsonburg, a small station between Ridgway and Wilcox. It will take a course from the Summit somewhat east of south, in the direction of Smethport, not probably, however, striking that place, but passing westward of it. This route is taken to avoid crossing the Kenuna lower down the valley, where its depth is greater, and where heavy grades and expensive bridges and trestles would be necessary. Both surveying parties are being rushed through and it is anticipated that work will commence on this new link early in July.—*Sunday News*.

Will You Try It?

About a pound of copperas (sulphate of iron), at a cost of a few cents, put into a water closet will entirely deodorize it. Five pounds of the same, dissolved in a bucket of hot water, thrown down a cesspool will have the same effect. If repeated two or three times a month there will be no trouble from sewer gas or other effluvia. There is no unpleasant odor from it, as there is from chloride of lime or carbolic acid.

THE LAST EFFORT.

Another Bold Scheme by the Standard.

Williamsport Gazette & Bulletin.

Now that the Tidewater Pipe Line has been completed and is distributing its six thousand barrels of oil per day into the huge tanks at Williamsport, it must not be considered that all danger from the Standard Oil Company is over. Every point they could possibly score against the building of the line was done, but as their efforts failed in one direction after another, it only seemed to incite to new efforts in fresh directions. For some time the Standard organs in the oil region, the *Derrick* and the *Era*, have been trying to arouse opposition to the new outway for oil, among the Producers, by charging all sorts of disreputable things upon the managers.

PURCHASING RAILROAD STOCK

This has merely been a reconnaissance in force, to hide the real point of attack, for the Standard has made up its mind to crush out the Tidewater and has now set about it in a way which, though it must take millions to accomplish, will, if it is successful, probably bar the way to an open market. The value of the Tidewater is its connection at Williamsport with the Reading railroad company, which, by its connections guarantees delivery of oil in New York, open to all shippers. The New York connections of the Philadelphia and Reading railroad is via of the New Jersey Central road. Now, while the Standard monopoly has been making the feints in the oil regions through its organs and thus diverting public attention, it has been busily employed in purchasing New Jersey Central strock, with a view of controlling it.

LAND AT COMMUNIPAW.

The New York *Graphic*, one of the really live papers in that city, said a few days ago the statement had reached them, but diligent inquiry had failed to secure any positive information on the subject, but that indeed if such a scheme was on foot it would be difficult to ascertain its truth in advance. The Standard company owns some sixteen acres of land at Communipaw, near the tracks of the New Jersey Central railroad. This land has not been improved. The growing feeling of opposition to the Standard company in all the states in which they operate must have convinced them that they cannot hope long to maintain their immensely valuable privileges unimpaired. As owners of a carrying route they can preserve their business, and this fact invents the rumor with plausibility.

AN ENORMOUS COST.

It is now known that the strong and persistent buying of the stock for several months back has had its origin in the Standard monopoly. In March last the stock sold at $33, and at this price a controlling interest would cost $3,600,000. How near to this amount the monopoly has obtained of course cannot be learned, but will be unfolded in time, and perhaps in very bad time for the oil producers. In the interest of open markets for the Producers it is to be hoped the scheme will fall like the others which have preceded it. One thing can be relied upon, if the Standard did not greatly fear the Tidewater they would not employ so much ingenuity and so much money in attempts to break it down.

The Latest Cole Creek Gushers.

Bryan, Parker & Cowles, on the Johnston & Munhall lease of the Bingham lands, on warrant No. 2,281, perforated the sand yesterday morning at a depth of 1,575 feet. Altogether 48 feet of sand rock was found, 38 or 40 feet of it being prime. There was 1,400 feet of oil in the hole yesterday at 11 o'clock when the sand pump was run. The well then made a splendid flow, in fact the largest and longest flow that had yet been made. It was the intention of the owners to tube the gusher at once. Mr. Bryan informed a reporter that the well would not be shot on account of the uncertainty when pipe line connections would be made.

S. Clark & Shidemantel, on their 10-acre purchase of the Carl Wright farm, struck sand on the 1,725 foot level. The hole filled up 100 feet on the first bit, and 500 feet on the second bit, something unprecedented in this district. They were eighteen feet in the oil bearing rock at four o'clock, with nearly 1,000 feet of oil. This presumedly fine well is on top of the hill at the head of Burley Hollow, and is about 150 rods east of the Geary No. 1 on a belt line and 200 rods northeast on a north and south line, and extends the belt some distance further east than was hitherto supposed. It is also nearly 300 rods south of the Duke and Harris well No. 1.—From yesterdays *Era*.

The Nearest Route to Cole Creek.

Since the tide of excitement and travel has set in the direction of Cole Creek, it is a matter of some importance as to which is the nearest route. Brownsport is only about four miles from Farmers Valley depot, on the McKean & Buffalo railroad. Already a line of stages is in successful operation from this point to Brownsport, under the management of Messrs. Tubbs & Brown. Two stage wagons are now running, connecting with trains as follows: One stage leaves Brownsport at 9:15 a.m. and connects with the 9:40 train for Smethport and 9:35 train for Larrabee, Eldred and Bradford, returning to Brownsport at 10:00 a.m.; leaving Brownsport again at 1:00 p.m. it connects with the 2:25 p.m. mail for Larrabee, Eldred, Bradford and Buffalo, and returns to Brownsport. Another stage leaves Farmers Valley at 11:38 a. m. upon the arrival of the northern mail; returns to connect with the 4:00 p.m. train for Smethport, and leaving Brownsport at 5:30 connects with the 8:48 train for Larrabee.

Another Train.

The B. N. Y. & P. folks have put on another train that will prove a great convenience to parties desiring to make connections with the P. & E. going east. This train leaves Olean at 4:13 p. m. and connects at Emporium with the 6:15 eastward bound train. The train leaving Smethport at 2:15 connects with the train at Larrabee. Heretofore, to go to Harrisburg or Philadelphia, one had to leave here on the morning train, wait two hours at Larrabee for the mail, and then wait six hours at Emporium. Now the only delay is about an hour at Larrabee.

The London Bridge.

Proud and lowly, beggar and lord,
Over the bridge they go,
Rags and velvet, fetter and sword,
Poverty, pomp and woe.
Who will stop but to laugh and sing?
Self is calling, and self is king!
Who weeps at the beggars' grave?
Crusts they pray for, but love they crave.

Beggar and lord
Fetter and sword,
Prison and palace, shadow and sun,
Velvet and rags,
So the world wags,
Until the river no more shall run.

Sparkle, river, merrily roll!
Laugh with the gay and bright;
Who will care for the weary soul
Under the arch to-night?
Who will pity her, who will save?
Never a tear the cold world gave!
Down there in the rolling Thames—
God will pity what man condemns.

Velvet and rags,
So the world wags,
Prison and palace, shadow and sun,
Fettered and free,
So it shall be,
Until the river no more shall run.

—*Temple Bar*.

A DIABOLICAL PLOT.

The Assassination of a Sheriff Contemplated.

A plot which was to result in the killing of the Sheriff of Lebanon county is thus related by the Lebanon *Courier*:

Sheriff Deninger was made aware on Sunday last that the design of assassinating him had been entertained by one of his prisoners a few weeks ago. The man who was willing to engage in this murderous undertaking was Charles Cruumer, alias Charles Snell, who was convicted at the April court of being one of the Logan robbers; and it seems he was one of the most desperate and reckless villains ever imprisoned in our jail. Knowing something of his desperate character, the Sheriff, while having him in keeping, confined him in the iron cell with Spattenhuber, the convicted murderer, who seems to be the better man of the two; and after his conviction in April he was taken to the eastern penitentiary.

THE WEAPON OF DEATH.

On Sunday morning last, Spattenhuber produced an iron bar of about twenty inches in length, and weighing perhaps ten pounds, which had been concealed for some time in a crevice in the cell, and was actually there when Spattenhuber was put in the cell. This bar, according to Spattenhuber's story, which is not doubted, was to be used as an instrument, according to Snell's scheme, for the murder of the Sheriff and the escape of himself and Spattenhuber. It was the habit of the Sheriff to pass through the prison every evening to see that all was right, and in doing so he would go into the iron cell to examine it. Snell's proposition was to murder the Sheriff with the iron bar and then seize the keyes to unlock the doors, and use the Sheriff's revolver to put out of the way any resistance that might appear, and escape. It was a desperate project, but those who know Snell regard him as being capable of undertaking it. When the Sheriff was taking him to the penitentiary, he remarked that he was a worse man than Spattenhuber.

A HARD CROWD.

Sheriff Deininger has had the worst crowd to deal with since he has been Sheriff that has ever been inside our prison. There have been a number of the most desperate characters in the prison, the past couple of years, that have ever been within our prison walls; and it is probable that a number of them would have been as ready as Snell to add the assassination of the Sheriff to their other list of crimes if they had thought they could effect their escape by committing the deed.

The Principal Performers.

Following is a list of the prisoners now in the county jail awaiting trial or disposition of their cases at the coming term of court:

Jacob S. Bartholomew, murder.
Thomas Gristock, larceny.
S. E. Poyneer, larceny.
G. N. Filkins, committed on bench warrant.
James Kerr, intent to defraud.
James McGoldrick, pointing a pistol.
William Ross, assault.
Michael Long, larceny.
Philip Long, larceny.
Charles Cherry, selling liquor without license.
Patrick Sweeney, selling liquor without license.
Edward Scully, larceny.
James W. Doyle, assault with intent to kill.
E. M. Hendrickson, larceny.
Sally Lee, robbery.
George Lattin, robbery.
Mrs. Nellie Sherry, keeping house of ill-fame.
I. S. Henderson, larceny.
George Jersey, assault with intent to kill.
George Burness, committed on bench warrant.
Jake Rennox, assault and battery.
J. C. Fessenden, bench warrant for costs.
Paul Nelson, bench warrant for costs.
Samuel Tuttle, larceny.
John Hughes, larceny.
Martin Burns, assault and battery.
J. Keelan, getting money unlawfully.
Carl Benson, disorderly and drunk.
John Donaldson, larceny.
Charles Moore, larceny.
Madame A. Stewart, larceny.
C. P. Sullivan, gambling.
Thomas Moore, larceny.
Frank Connelly, burglary and larceny.
James Kelly, burglary and larceny.
Florence Dempsey, assault and battery.
William Barry, resisting an officer.

The Dog Tax.

It seems that there is an impression in the minds of many people that the tax on dogs has been repealed or reduced. This erroneous impression is probably gathered from the fact that in the session of 1878 a general dog law was passed placing the tax upon dogs at fifty cents each, but this law was not to be operative in any county except its provisions were accepted by a vote of the people at a general election. McKean county has a special sheep law, under which the present tax on dogs is levied. It may be a bad law in many respects, but it is on the statute book and we see no way by which the owners of dogs can evade the payment of taxes. The greatest defect in the law, in our opinion, is that the tax on dogs is not $10 instead of $1; and on female dogs $100 instead of $3.00.

A Book.

To the Editor of the Miner:

Your paper being the only one in the county in which a fair and truthful account of the poisoning of my son Dement was even attempted, I would ask a further small space for a few words of my own on the subject. It seems to me that the newspapers of the county and Olean (outside of Smethport) tried very hard to see which could manufacture the most damaging and untruthful stories regarding the cause of the trouble. The Olean *Times* should, however, claim the belt, for it overstepped the line of courtesy and good breeding so far as to drag in the name of the young lady to whom my son is engaged to be married, which was entirely unnecessary and uncalled for. I shall not undertake to explain for the benefit of the gossiping journal above mentioned the reasons why the young man took the morphine, further than to say that the whole affair is now entirely explainable to myself and family, which is sufficient. But I want to say, in justice to all parties (and for the benefit of the Olean *Times* in particular) that the contemplated marriage is, and has been from the first, in every way satisfactory to myself and all parties concerned, and would suggest to some of our county and neighboring papers that they indulge in less sensation and more truth, and thus gain friends and avoid being the cause of a good deal of trouble to the innocent subjects of their remarks.

Yours truly,
WM. HASKELL.

Change of Time Table.

If the traveling public is not satisfactorily accommodated in making connections from Smethport to it as other important points on the globe it is no fault of the managers of the McKean & Buffalo Railroad. A new time table has just been issued which gives such increased and ample facilities to travelers that there seems now no just cause for the least complaint. Ten trains a day now arrive and depart from the Smethport depot, making close connections with trains on the B. N. Y. & P. Road for Bradford, Buffalo, Emporium, Harrisburg and Philadelphia.

The corrected time table will appear in our issue of next week. In the meantime we publish in another column of this paper under the head of "Important to the Traveling Public" the prominent points of advantage to be derived by travelers under the new schedule.

Attempted Highway Robbery.

Late Thursday night or early Friday morning, as Messrs. James McGreghan and John R. White were coming in "off tour" at the well at which they were working, some where between Rixford and Brownsport, they were met by two men who demanded money or blood. Without much parley one of the latter struck White with a stone, knocking him down, while the other attacked McGreghan. The latter struck the assailant with a knife, disabled him, and then turned to assist White, receiving a pistol shot through the hat. McGreghan soon disabled the second ruffian and the two men went their way leaving the marauders lying upon the ground in a rather bad predicament, and not caring particularly what became of them. The highwaymen who attack drillers even handed don't always come out first best, for the latter do not generally belong to the class of man who are afraid to meet their equals under any circumstances.—Bradford Sunday *News*.

A Narrow Escape.

A son of Mr. L. B. Fletcher, who lives near what is known as the "Fletcher well" near the head of Marvin creek, came near losing his life a few days ago in a very singular manner. Prompted by curiosity he went down to the abandoned derrick, and uncovering the hole bent down his face close to the opening, probably with the hope of seeing the bottom. He had hardly taken one good smell of the gas when he lost consciousness. He was found by his father and brother about an hour afterward lying with his face over the hole insensible and apparently dead. They took him out in the air and by din't of vigorous rubbing finally restored him to consciousness. The young man is about seventeen years of age, and will probably never again attempt to gain experience as an oil or gas smeller.

Lost.

A pocket book containing papers of no value except to the owner. Any person finding and returning it to this office or to the subscriber will be liberally rewarded by W. S. BROWNELL.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

I Cannot Make Him Smile.

Well, we know what ails him. In his condition he couldn't smile if his grandmother died and left him ten thousand dollars! His stomach is "all out of order." Liver doesn't act. *Parmlee's Blood Purifier* will make him "all over new." Price, $1 per bottle; sample bot, tles, 15 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

The Greatest Strike Yet.

Everywhere the sick are striking against metallic medicines and powerful vegetable poisons. Everywhere they are coming to the belief that a constitutional invigorant, a preparation uniting the properties of a tonic, a gentle purgative, a sedative and general regulator is necessary to all diseases. *Parmalee's Great Dyspepsia Compound* is precisely such a preparation. It is a marvelous medicine. Sample bottles, 15 cents; large size, $1. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

THAT THE PHONOGRAPH CAN "bottle up" the voice and pass it down to future ages is indeed a wonder, but is not the restoration of lost voice more wonderful? And yet Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery speedily restores a lost voice, cures hoarseness, sore throat, bronchitis and consumption. Many ministers who had abandoned the pulpit, by reason of sore throat and general debility, have, by the use of the Discovery, been restored to perfect health and strength. Sold by druggists.

Peculiar People.

People who will suffer from sour stomach, cramps, colic, or cholera-morbus, when *Hamilton's Jamaica Ginger Tonic* is known to be a reliable and speedy cure. To the *aged* it will prove a great comfort, and to the *inebriate*, who wishes to reform, it is invaluable, giving tone to the digestive organs and strength to resist temptation. It is purely vegetable extract. As an appetizer it is greatly superior to wines and liquors. Price, sample bottles, 25 cents; large size, 50 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

How She Did It.

Was a subject of absorbing interest to those who realized how easily disease has impaired her once marvelous beauty.—Physicians of eminence had exhausted all their skill in her behalf, and it yet seemed impossible to effect a cure. She seemed hopeless. Despair reigned. Pain in side, back and head; dyspepsia ensued, the appetite failed, and the nerves became unstrung. A torpid liver and inflamed kidneys intensified the trouble. It was a complication that not unfrequently occurs through the pernicious influence of one diseased organ upon another until the whole body is in unnatural sympathy. Finally, when Sandaline was tried, a desirable reaction immediately commenced. The process of recuperation progressed until the full natural standard of health and vigor was regained. There are thousands of similar instances where Sandaline cured when doctors and drugs had failed. It is a priceless boon to the despondent, as it opens to them a way from death to life, and, to-day, multitudes of these are in the enjoyment of perfect health. Will do just as recommended, used as directed, or money refunded. Sandaline Cologne is the most charming and delicious perfume yet discovered. Price $1. Ask your druggist. Dr. Gounod's great medical work, full of interest, over 250 pages. Price $1. Send for it.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy, for the speedy and permanent cure for consumption, bronchitis, catarrh, asthma, and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for nervous debility and all nervous complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive, and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send, free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, with full directions for preparing and using, in German, French or English. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. W. Sherar, 149 Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y. 15-26 cow2t.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Mrs. Fred. Johnson,

FLORIST,

Larrabee, Pa.,

Will furnish cut flowers on short notice and at reasonable prices. June 12, '79 tf.

IMPORTANT

—TO THE—

TRAVELING PUBLIC

BRADFORD TO SMETHPORT.

Trains leaving Bradford at 7.05 and 9.45 a. m. and 5.30 p.m. will make direct connections at Eldred for Smethport, arriving at 9.30 a. m., 12.05 and 8.47 p.m.

Passengers leaving Bradford by the 7.05 a.m. train will have Five Hours at Smethport and return the same day.

SMETHPORT TO BRADFORD AND BUFFALO.

Trains leaving Smethport at 6.01 and 9.25 a. m. and 2.15 p. m. make direct connections at Larrabee for Bradford, arriving at 8.22 a. m. and 1.25 and 6.50 p.m.

Passengers leaving Smethport by 6.01 a. m. train will have eight hours at Bradford, and five and one-half hours at Buffalo and return same day.

SMETHPORT TO HARRISBURG AND PHILADELPHIA.

Passengers leaving Smethport by the 2.15 P. M. train will make connections at LARRABEE, for EMPORIUM, HARRISBURG AND PHILADELPHIA.

Trains leave Bradford by *New York Time*, and Smethport by *Buffalo Time*.

L. P. JOHNSON,

Dealer in

Silks, Satins, Brocades,

FRINGES, PARASOLS,

French Lawns, Organdas, Hosiery, Gloves

In Mme Ross' Millinery Store,

21 PUBLIC SQUARE, BRADFORD, PA.,

and Boston Store, 21 Broad Street, Hornellsville, N. Y. 20-4t

Estray.

Came to the premises of the subscriber, near Smethport, in May last, a bay horse, four years old. The owner can have him by proving property and paying charges. W. M. FREEMAN.

LEGAL.

Financial Statement.

Hamilton Township in account with J. W. Cobbin, Supervisor.

	Dr.	Cr.
To amount received duplicate orders from Co. Com'rs	$230 00	
" special tax orders (assessed)	450 00	
" of collector (exonerated)	51 00	
" order to balance account	97	
By 78 days' service		$156 00
" abatements on seated duplicate		1 00
" labor done		105 75
" discount on orders		7 20
" voucher		97 75
" commissions		21 15
	$1148 72	$1148 65

	Dr.	Cr.
David Curtis, Supervisor	$148 65	
To orders from Co. Com'rs		148 65
" road tax (seated)	247 67	
" Kane & Camp, Wallace Hand	105 75	
" balance order Co. Com'rs	7 20	
" unseated duplicate	97 75	
" order to balance account	120 98	
		Cr.
By hemlock plank for bridges		$41 40
" tools furnished		22 50
" discount on county orders		7 20
" commissions on unseated duplicate		21 15
" labor on "		25 00
" 15 days' service		15 00
" voucher		97 75
" commissions		71 62
	$388 60	$388 60

Frank Morrison, Treasurer of the School Board

	Dr.	Cr.
To rec'd of A. Palmiter Trens '77	$77 24	
" L. Palmiter late "	456 66	
" Co Treas.	248 77	
" orders of Co Com'rs	602 39	
" State draft	26 66	
" sch'l house from C. Com.	3 00	
By orders paid as per vouchers		$1258 76
" discount on county orders		7 20
" commissions, 3 per ct.		20 67
To bal. due Treasurer	11 66	
	$1355 62	$1355 62

L. HOYT,
W. C. ANDERSON,
H. E. BYHAM,
Auditors.

Attest:
H. W. SOWLE, Town Clerk. 20-w2

Notice.

In the matter of the Estate of EPHRAIM CROSS, deceased. } In the Register Court of McKean County, Pa.

And now March 22, 1879, the executors of the estate of Ephraim Cross, deceased, have applied their final account in the office of the said Register. The same will be presented for confirmation at the Orphans' Court of said county, to be held at Smethport, Pa., the third Monday of June, A. D. 1879.

JNO. R. BRAWLEY, Register.

May 16, 1879.—w7-6t

Notice.

In the Orphans' Court for the County of McKean.

In the matter of the Estate of James Tayler, deceased. Upon exceptions to Executor's account.

The undersigned appointed an Auditor to hear the evidence upon the exceptions and to examine and re-state the account, hereby gives notice that he will attend to the duties of his appointment at the office of Hackus & Gordon in Smethport, Pa., on Thursday, the 26th day of June, A. D. 1879, at one o'clock P. M., where all parties interested may attend and be heard.

J. C. JOHNSON, Auditor

Smethport, Pa., April 26, 1879. 27-4t.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of LEVARI FACIAS, to me directed, I have levied upon the following described real estate to wit: Commencing at the north east corner of John Lewis lease of about seven acres; thence north on east line of said farm forty rods to a post; thence west at right angles with said line parallel with the first forty rods to a post; thence east twenty rods to a post; thence south on east line twenty rods to a post, thence east to the place of beginning, containing five acres and being part of warrants numbered 3317 and 3357, and having thereon one frame dwelling house, two stables, one cooper shop and appurtenances to said lease and will be sold as the property of Jas. E. Burtis, Jr.

R. SARTWELL, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, May 28, 1879.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of *Fieri Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean county, to me directed, I have levied upon the following described leasehold estate situate in the township of Eldred, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at the north west corner of lot 67 on warrant No. 3686 of lands of Thomas King, deceased, at the south east corner of Abbott land; thence south 56.74 rods to a post at the south west corner of said Abbott land; thence easterly 36.74 rods to a post at the south west corner of Abbott land; thence southerly 143 rods to the place of beginning, containing 5.08 acres, said above described lands being a certain lease for oil purposes made by W. H. Snow & Co. to C. D. Crosby, and having thereon five oil wells complete, one engine, one boiler, two rigs and all fittings, fixtures and appurtenances to said lease and well attached and belonging.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of C. D. Crosby at the suit of A. B. Walker and others.

R. SARTWELL, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, May 28, 1879.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of *Fieri Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean county, to me directed, I have levied upon the following described leasehold estate situate in the township of Otto, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at the north west corner of lot No. 68 in the general plan of said borough, thence north 120 7-10 perches to the old road; thence by said road south 55 degrees west 22 perches; thence south 73 degrees west 12 perches; thence south 87 degrees west 18 3-10 perches, thence south 79 degrees west 19 perches; thence south 117 3-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing sixty acres, and being lot No. 69 of the Kane & Company's allotment of lands in Keating township, and part of warrant No. 3956, and having thereon one frame dwelling house, two stories high, one frame barn, one frame horse sweep forty feet square, one well of water, a quantity of fruit trees and a small stream of water running through farm, and about thirty or forty acres improved. Also beginning at a post the south east corner of land contracted to Hugh McCabe, lot No. 288, thence north 120 perches to a post corner, thence west twenty perches to a post corner, thence south 120 perches to a post corner, thence east 20 perches to the place of beginning, containing twenty-four acres and being lot No. 288